Stochastic Conformal Maps:

Fractal Geometry in 2D Critical Phenomena

P. Wiegmann University of Chicago and Landau Institute for Theoretical Physics

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Pictures are taken from papers of Werner and Bauer and Bernard.

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• Stochastic Loewner Evolution

• 2D Critical Phenomena (CFT) =

Stochastic Growth process

- O. Schramm, 2000-
- G. Lawler, W. Werner, S. Rhode 2001-2002

• M. Bauer and D. Bernard, Oct 2002

- J. Cardy 1992
- **B. Duplantier** 1999

- Iterative conformal maps
- M. Hastings and Levitov 1996 Diffusion Limited aggregations

2D Critical Phenomena:

- Equilibrium Statistical Mechanics (Ising, Potts ,... models)
- Geometrical Critical Phenomena Percolation, self-avoiding walks, growth ,...

Two sorts of questions

- Critical exponents
- Correlation functions \sim

boundary related questions

Three complementary languages:

Statistical mechanics (~ combinatorics)
 Example: Q-Potts model

$$Z = \sum_{ ext{closed loops}} Q^{ ext{Length of a loop}}$$

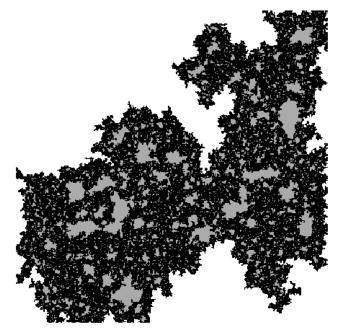
- Percolation: $Q \rightarrow 1$
- Eucledian QFT (space+time)
- Correlation functions

 $<0|\phi(1)...\phi(n)|0>$

|0> is the lowest eigenstate of the transfer matrix.

A problem of identitification of operators

Stochastic (Fractal) Geometry of critical clusters



. Part of a (big) critical percolation cluster on the square lattice

Approaches: conformal invariance

• Scale Invariance:

$$egin{aligned} &r o\lambda r\ &\phi(r)\Longrightarrow\lambda^\Delta\phi(\lambda r) \end{aligned}$$

• Scale Invarience +locallity \implies Conformal Invariance: 2D

z
ightarrow w(z)

$$\phi(z,ar{z})
ightarrow |w'(z)|^{\Delta} \phi(w(z), \overline{w(z)})$$

How to weight fluctuating geometry?

• Thermodynamics in statistical mechanics:

$$F \sim \left(T - T_c\right)^{2-lpha}$$

• Finite size corrections : c - is the central charge

$$F=F_0-rac{c}{24}L^{-2}$$

• Entropy in gravity (random surfaces) - γ - "string susceptibility"

Entropy
$$\sim$$
 Area $^{-(2-\gamma)}$

Both $m{c}$ and γ are signatures of the type of of critical behavior

Conformal Field Theory

- Scaling in 2D =Local Conformal Invariance
- States ↔ operators transformed according to irreducible reprs of Virasoro algebra (algebra of holomorphic diffeomorphisms).
- Critical exponents (conformal dimensions of operators) are obtained from the value of Central charge -2 < c < 1
- Some **Correlation functions** obey **hypergeometric** differential equations built out of central charge and exponents (*Ward Identities* of conformal invariance).
- Example: Ising model

$$\left[\frac{4}{3}\partial_{z_i}^2 - \sum_{j=1}^{2n} \left(\frac{1/16}{(z_i - z_j)^2} + \frac{1}{z_i - z_j}\partial_j\right)\right] < \sigma(1)...\sigma(2n) > = 0$$

Geometrical aspects of Critical Phenomena

Two major developments :

• Crossing Probability (Cardy, 1992)

• Conformal measure of critical clusters (Duplantier, 1999)

Percolation: Is there left to right crossing?

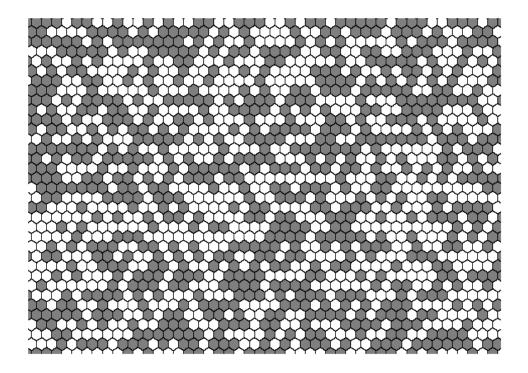


Fig. 10.1. Is there a left to right crossing of white hexagons?

And now?

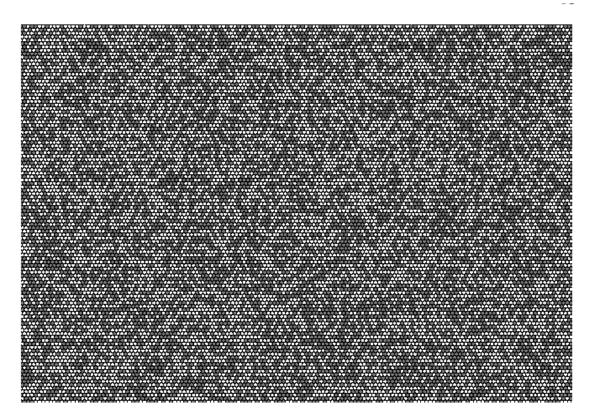


Fig. 10.2. And now?

Crossing Probability

$$egin{aligned} rac{L'}{L} = rac{K(1-k^2)}{2K(k^2)} \ x = rac{(1-k)^2}{1+k)^2} \end{aligned}$$

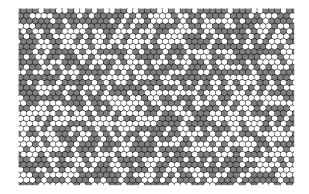
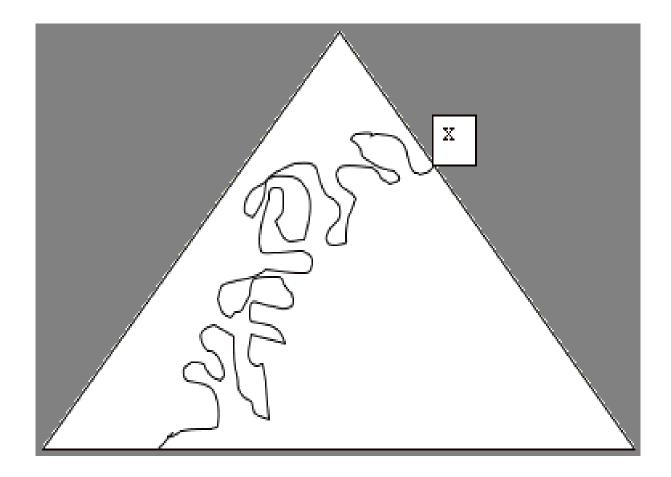


Fig. 10.1. Is there a left to right crossing of white hexagons?

$$x(1-x)rac{d^2P}{dx^2}+rac{2}{3}(1-2x)rac{dP}{dx}=0$$

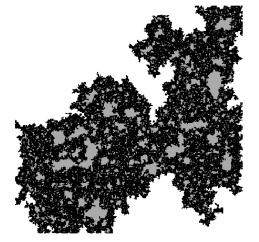
$$P(x)=rac{3\Gamma(2/3)}{\Gamma(1/3)}x^{1/3}F(1/3,2/3,4/3;x)$$

14



Crossing probability is simply P(x) = 1

Conformal measure of critical clusters



. Part of a (big) critical percolation cluster on the square lattice

- w(z) a conformal map of a critical cluster onto a unit disk
- w'(z) conformal measure or electric field created by a charged cluster

$$<\left(ext{Electric field}(z)
ight)^{\delta}>=<|w'(z)|^{\delta}>\sim\left(rac{z}{R}
ight)^{\Delta(\delta,c)}$$

Interface as a stochastic growth process

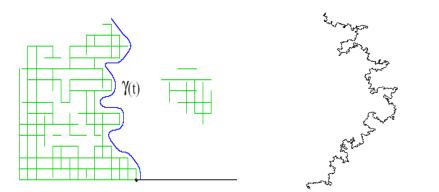
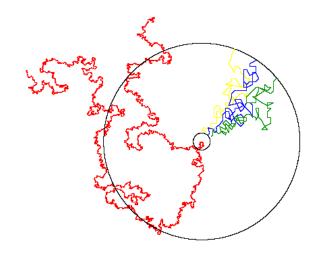


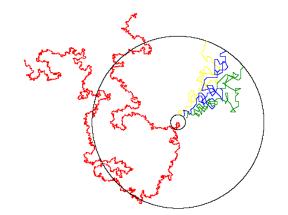
Figure 2: A FK-cluster configuration in the Potts models. The SLE_{κ} : Fig. 4.1. Sample of the beginning of a half-plane walk (conjectured to converge $\gamma(t)$ is the boundary of the FK-cluster connected to the negative real ax: to chordal $SLE_{\kappa/3}$).

An interface as a random self-avoiding walk



A boundary of a cluster is SAW (red).

Conformal measure $<|w'(z)|^n>$ is a probability for n RW reach the point z



Critical exponent of meeting nrandom walks with a SAW on a random lattice is simply n.

$$\Delta (\Delta - \gamma_{str}) = (1 - \gamma_{str}) n$$

$$egin{split} &< \left|w'(z)
ight|^n > \sim \left(rac{z}{R}
ight)^{\Delta(n,c)} \ & c = 1 - rac{6\gamma^2}{(1-\gamma)^2} \end{split}$$

B. Duplantier (1999)

Evolution of Conformal Maps:

Hadamard formula

• A map of the cluster onto an exterior of a unit disk

$$w(z) = \frac{z}{r} + \mathcal{O}(\frac{1}{z}), \qquad r - \text{conformal radius}$$

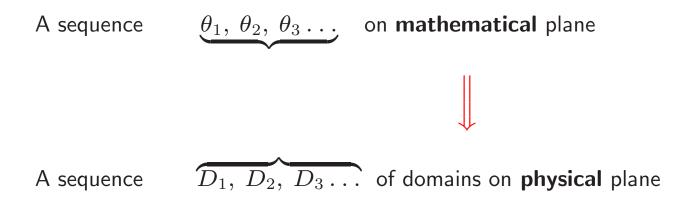
• Hadamard formula

$$rac{\delta w(z)}{w(z)} = rac{w(z) + e^{i heta}}{w(z) - e^{i heta}} \cdot rac{\delta r}{r}$$

$$\frac{\delta r}{r} = \delta(\operatorname{Area})|w'(z(e^{i\theta}))|^2.$$

Iterative Conformal maps

$$\log rac{w_{n+1}(oldsymbol{z})}{w_n(oldsymbol{z})} = rac{w_n(oldsymbol{z}) + e^{i heta_n}}{w_n(oldsymbol{z}) - e^{i heta_n}} \epsilon, \qquad rac{r_{n+1}}{r_n} = \epsilon$$



Loewner's equation

• On a plane

$$w_{n+1}(oldsymbol{z}) - w_n(oldsymbol{z}) = \epsilon rac{2}{w_n(oldsymbol{z}) - heta_n}$$

• In continuum limit

$$\left\{egin{array}{ll} rac{dw(z,t)}{dt}&=rac{2}{w(z,t)- heta(t)}\,,\ w(z,t=0)&=\,z. \end{array}
ight.$$

Stochastic Loewner equation

Wienner process (white noise)

$$\eta = rac{d heta}{dt}$$

$$<\eta(t)\eta(0)>=\kappa\delta(t)$$

Stochastic Conformal Maps generate a self-avoiding path statistically equivalent to hulls of clusters of 2D critical phenomena (Schramm, 2000)

- $0 < \kappa < 4$ path is simple
- $4 < \kappa < 8$ path touches itself (but never crosses)
- $\kappa > 8$ path fills the space

 $\mathsf{Hull} \leftrightarrow \mathsf{trace\ duality}$

$$\label{eq:kappa} \begin{split} \kappa &\to 16/\kappa \\ \kappa &= 4 - \text{fermion} \end{split}$$

SLE=CFT

- Stochastic Loewner evolution describes
 all 2D critical phenomena at -2 < c < 1
- Relation between κ strength of noise and central charge

$$c = 1 - 3 \frac{(4-\kappa)^2}{2\kappa}$$

• Duality: hull - trace

$$\kappa \to 16/\kappa$$

• Fractal dimension

$$\Delta = 1 + \frac{\kappa}{8}$$

Examples

- percolation: $\kappa=6, \ c=0, \ \Delta=1+3/4$
- Self-avoiding walks: $\kappa=16/6, \ \ c=0, \ \ \Delta=1+1/3$
- Free fermions: $\kappa=4, \ \ c=1, \ \ \Delta=3/2$
- ullet lsing model $\kappa=3, \ \ c=1/2, \ \ \Delta=1+2/3$
- **Q**-Potts model (Ising model Q = 2)

$$Q=4\cos^2(4\pi/\kappa)$$

SLE is Langevin dynamics

$$\left\{egin{array}{ll} \displaystylerac{dw(z,t)}{dt}&=&rac{2}{w(z,t){-} heta(t)},\ &w(z,t)&
ightarrow w(z,t)+ heta(t) \end{array}
ight.$$

$$\left\{egin{array}{ll} rac{dw(z,t)}{dt}&=&rac{2}{w(z,t)}+\dot{ heta}(t),\ \langle\dot{ heta}(t)\dot{ heta}(0)
angle&=&\kappa\delta(t) \end{array}
ight.$$

Langevin \rightarrow **Fokker-Plank Equation**

• Langevin Equation

$$\dot{\phi} = -rac{\delta S}{\delta \phi} + \eta$$

• Fokker-Plank equation/ Feynman-Kac formula

$$\dot{\mathcal{P}} = H_{FP} \cdot \mathcal{P}$$

$$H_{FP}=-igg(rac{\kappa}{2}rac{\delta}{\delta\phi}-rac{\delta S}{\delta\phi}igg)rac{\delta}{\delta\phi}$$

Fokker-Plank equation for SLE

$$\mathcal{P}(t,w(oldsymbol{z})) = \langle \deltaigg(w(oldsymbol{z},t)-w(oldsymbol{z})igg)
angle$$

$$rac{d}{dt} \mathcal{P}(t,w(oldsymbol{z})) = H_{FP} \mathcal{P}(t,w(oldsymbol{z}))$$

$$H_{FP}=-igg(rac{\kappa}{2}rac{\partial}{\partial w}-rac{2}{w}igg)rac{\partial}{\partial w}$$

Fokker-Plank equation for SLE = Conformal Ward Identities for correlation functions of CFT

Conformal measure - $h(t,z) = < w'(z)^{\delta} >$

• The Feynman-Kac formula

$$\partial_t h = rac{\kappa}{2} h'' + rac{2}{z} h' - rac{2\delta}{z^2} h$$

• Conformal invariance:

$$h(t, oldsymbol{z}) = h(rac{oldsymbol{z}}{\sqrt{t}})$$

• hypergeometric equation

$$h^{\prime\prime}+(rac{4}{\kappa z}+rac{4z}{\kappa})h^{\prime}-rac{4\delta}{\kappa z^{2}}h=0$$

ullet exponent: $h \sim z^{\Delta}$

$$\Delta(\delta,\kappa) = rac{1}{2\kappa}(\kappa-4+\sqrt{(\kappa-4)^2+16\delta\kappa})$$

Virasoro algebra

• Diffeomorphisms

$$w
ightarrow w + \epsilon w^n, \hspace{0.2cm} z(w)
ightarrow z(w) + l_n z(w)$$

• Classical Virasoro algebra $\ l_n = w^{n+1} rac{\partial}{\partial w}$

$$[l_n,\,l_m]=(n-m)l_{n+m}$$

• Probability distribution

$$\mathcal{P}
ightarrow \mathcal{P} + L_n \mathcal{P}$$

• Extended Virasoro algebra

$$[L_n,\ L_m] = (n-m)L_{n+m} + rac{c}{12}n(n^2-1)\delta_{n,-m}$$

What is c ?

Fokker-Plank equation and Virasoro algebra

$$\left\{egin{array}{ccc} H_{FP}&=&rac{\kappa}{2}L_{-1}^2-2L_{-2}\ &&\ &rac{d}{dt}\mathcal{P}&=&H_{FP}\mathcal{P} \end{array}
ight.$$

- Equilibrium state -
- Conformal invariance -
- Normalization -

$$egin{aligned} H_{FP} |0> &= 0 \ L_0 |0> &= h |0> \ L_n |0> &= 0, \quad n>0. \end{aligned}$$

$$\bigcup$$

$$c=1-3rac{\left(4-\kappa
ight)^2}{2\kappa}$$

Dimensions

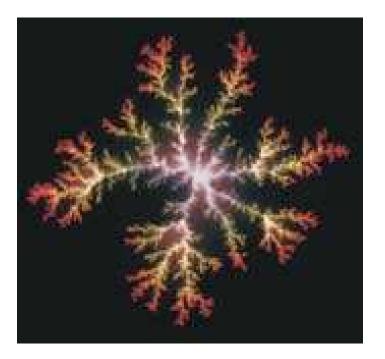
• Dimensions (from Kac table):

$$h_{r,s}(c(\kappa))=rac{(r\kappa-4s)^2-(\kappa-4)^2}{16\kappa}$$

• Identification of CFT Operators with geometrical objects: SLE-trace/hull \Rightarrow Boundary Operator (r, s) = (2, 3)

Stochastic growth:

Diffusion Limit of aggregation (DLA)



An aggregate grows by particles diffusing and sticking to the aggregate.

Stochastic Hadamard formula

• $\boldsymbol{\theta}_n$ are random and uncorrelated (Poisson distribution)

$$egin{aligned} &\log rac{w_{n+1}(m{z})}{w_n(m{z})} = \epsilon_n |w'(e^{i heta_n}) rac{w_n(m{z}) + e^{i heta_n}}{w_n(m{z}) - e^{i heta_n}} \ &P[heta_n] = rac{1}{2\pi} \end{aligned}$$

• This process generates a branching tree (Hastings and Levitov)

- Fractal geometry \implies Analytical aspects of conformal map;
- CFT Ward Identity is SLE-Fokker-Plank equation in the equilibrium regime;
- Identification of CFT Operators and SLE processes;
- CFT as stochastic deformation of Riemann surfaces in moduli space;
- Other fractals, like DLA?
- Relation between stochastic conformal maps and Random Matrix theory