"Dorling's optimism is infectious." VICKY PRYCE danny dorling SOW down The End of the **Great Acceleration** and Why It's a Good Thing "Is the world spinning out of control? I thought so until I read Slowdown." **WILLIAM POWERS**

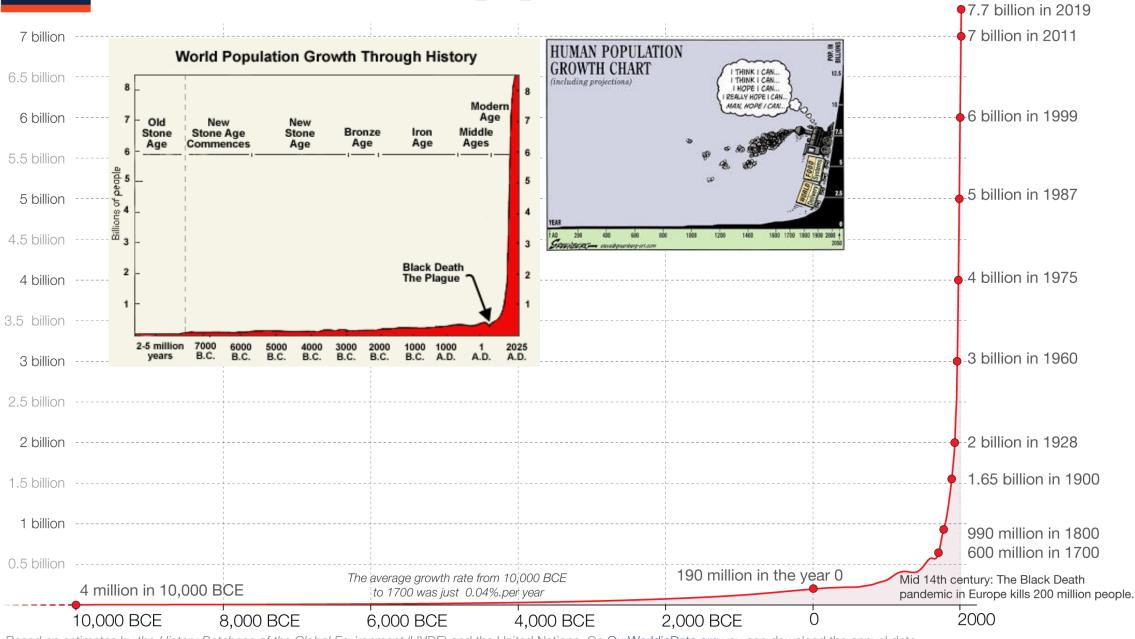
To what extent is the human species slowing down?

Danny Dorling

Thursday 20 January 2022



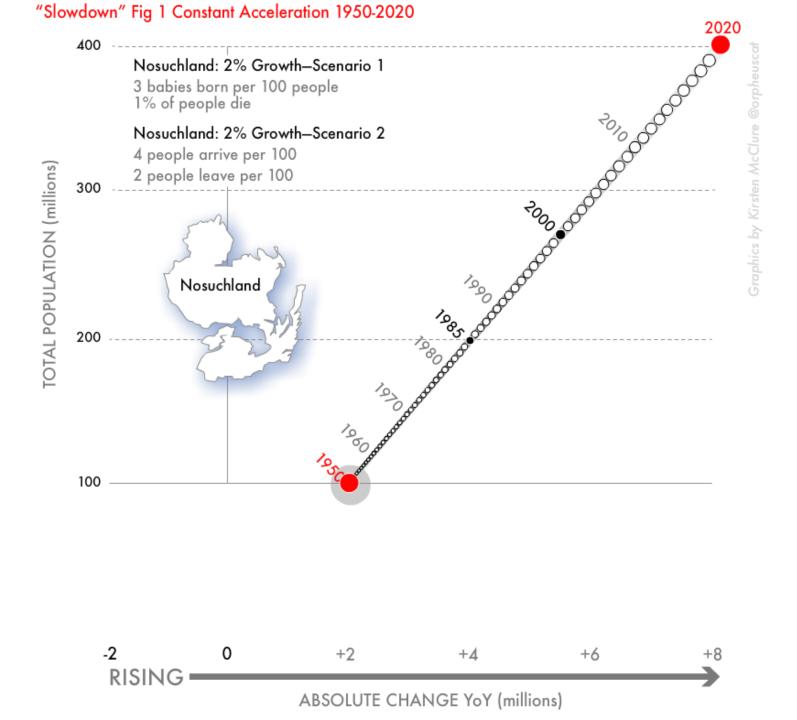
Our World in Data The size of the world population over the last 12.000 years



Based on estimates by the History Database of the Global Environment (HYDE) and the United Nations. On OurWorldinData.org you can download the annual data.

This is a visualization from OurWorldinData.org, where you find data and research on how the world is changing.

"The world's population is now 6.7bn, roughly double what it was when I was born. If I live to be in my mid-eighties, then it will have trebled in my lifetime... I simply cannot understand why no one discusses this impending calamity, and why no world statesmen have the guts to treat the issue with the seriousness it deserves... We seem to have given up on population control." - Boris Johnson, Daily Telegraph, 25 October 2007



In the 'Origin of Species', Charles Darwin described how a population explosion occurs and called the time of population explosion "favourable seasons".

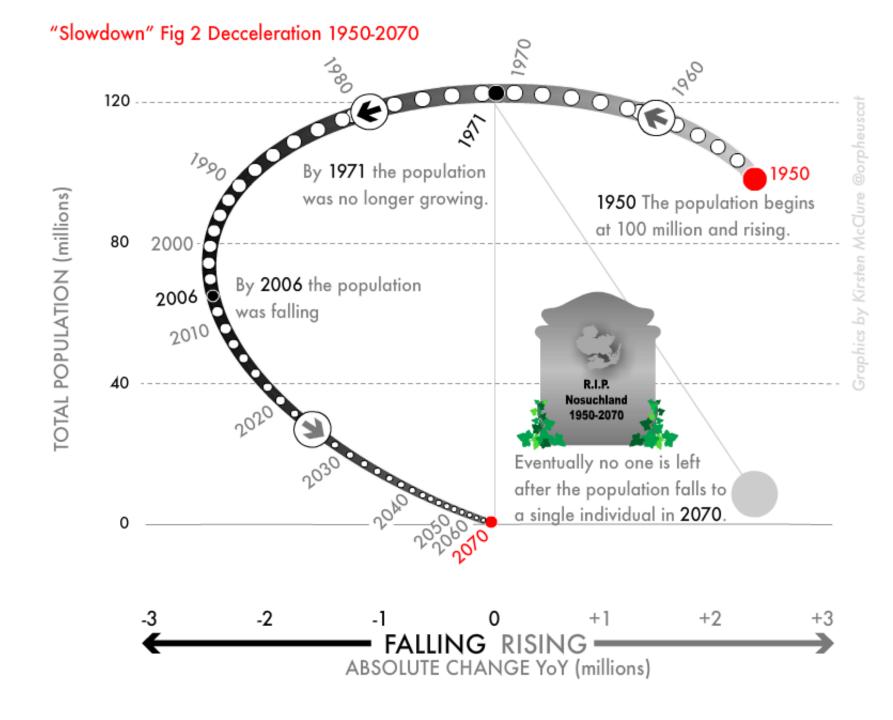
Charles was not to know it, but such circumstances arose for his own species at around the time of his own birth.

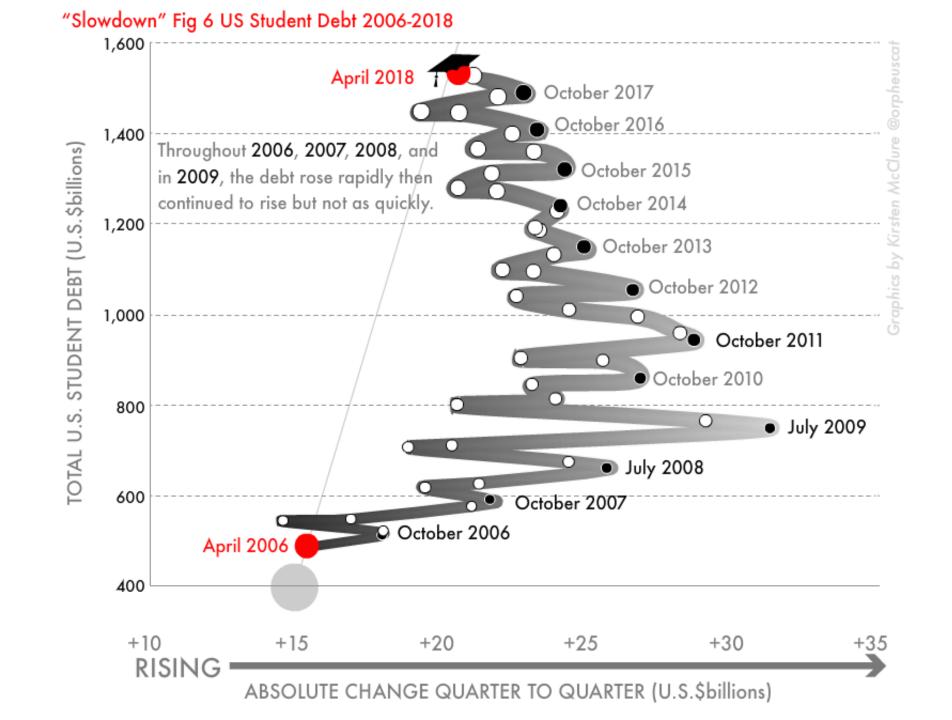
However, the favourable seasons for human population growth were not experienced favourably, with times of great social dislocation from small scale enclosure to global colonisation.

Now those seasons are over, we have experienced the first ever sustained slowdown in the rate of global human population growth.

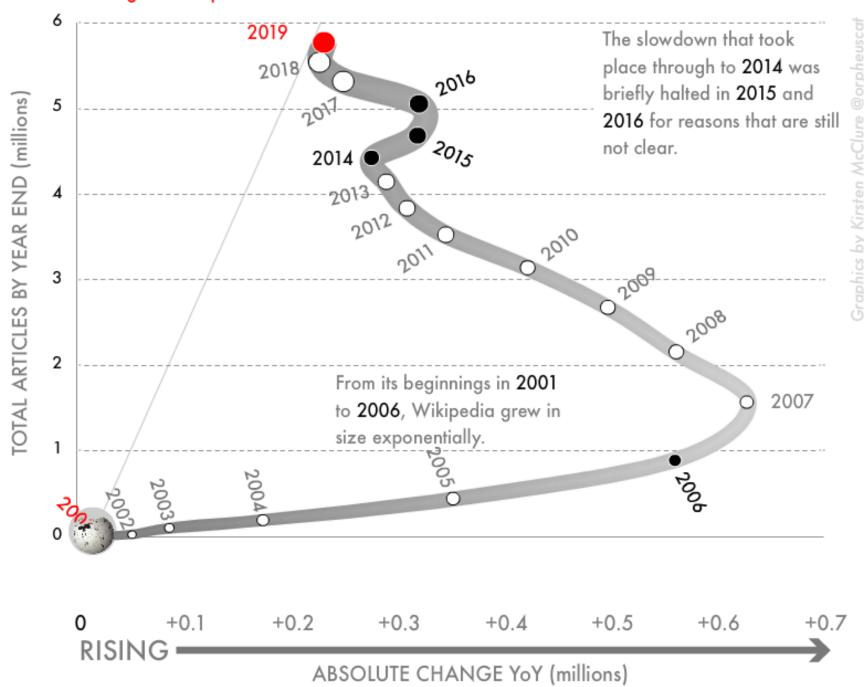
This has been the case for at least one human generation.

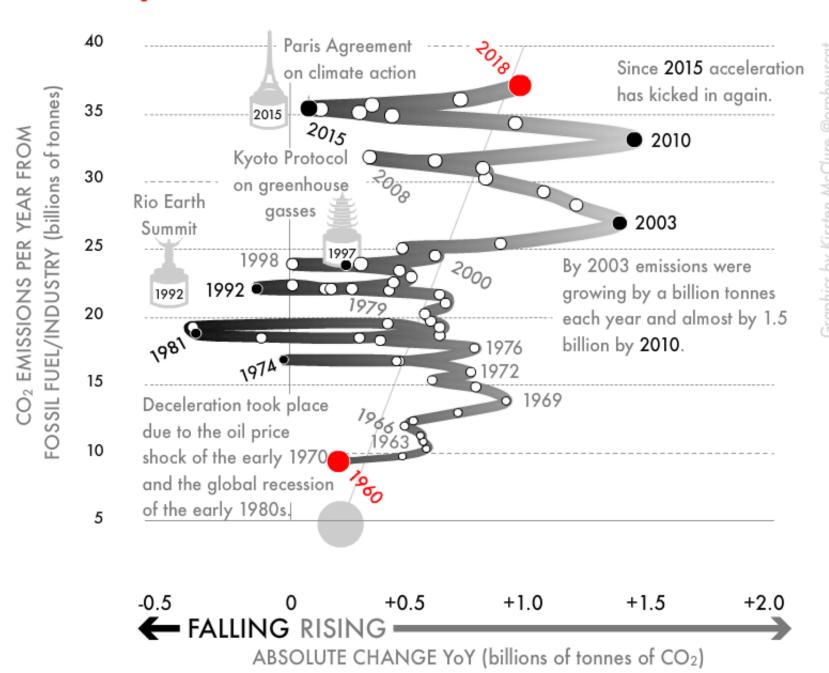
However, we are not just slowing down in terms of how many children we have, but in almost everything else we do other than in the rise in global temperatures that we are recording and that we have to live with.

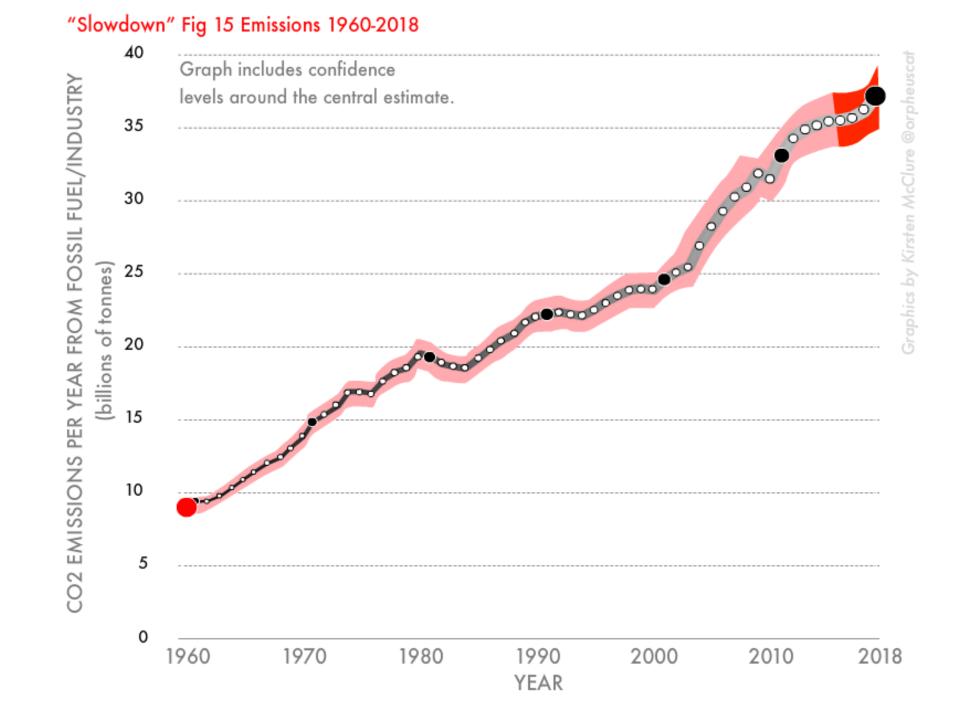


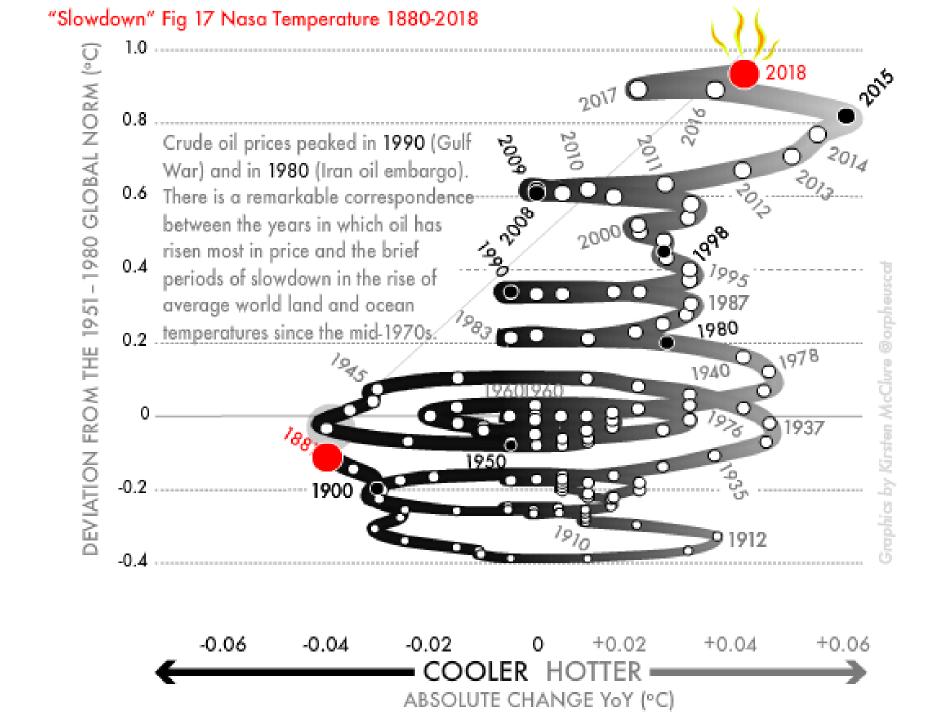


"Slowdown" Fig 10 Wikipedia 2001-2019





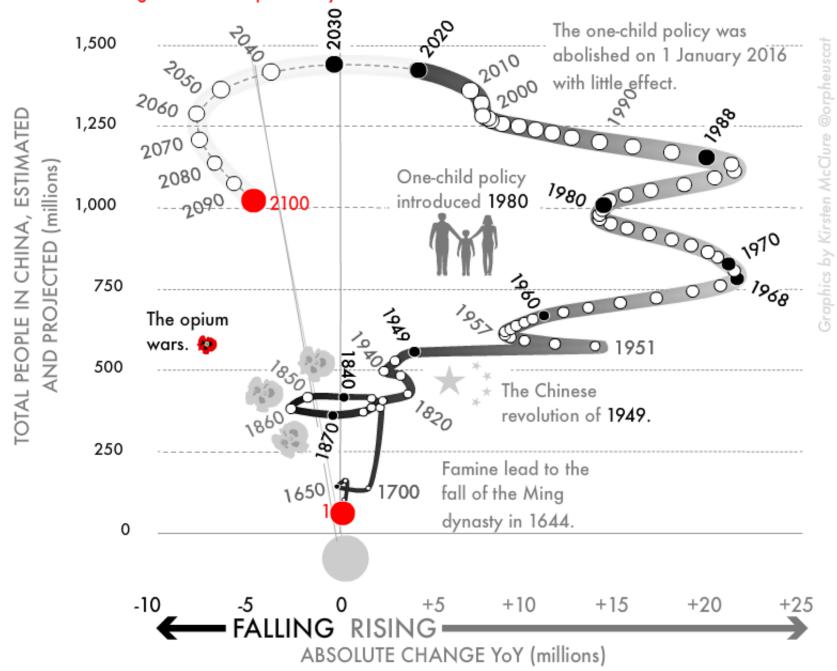


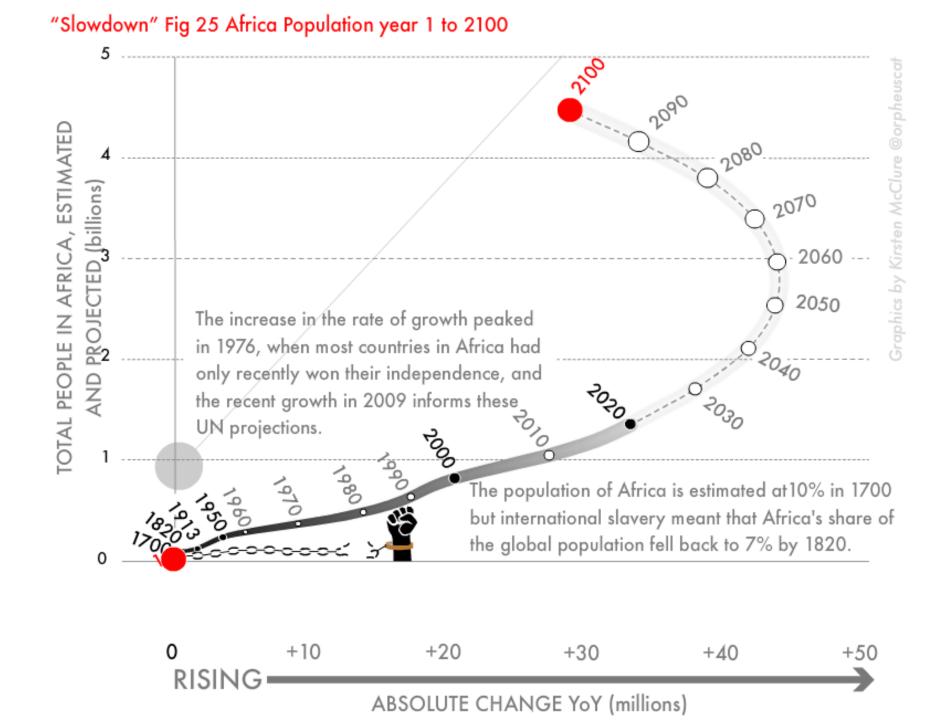


"Slowdown" Fig 21 World Population 1-2100 The 2017 UN population estimates suggested there 2100 (will be over 11 billion by 2090. These are now thought by the UN to be overestimates. ESTIMATED 10 (billions) TOTAL PEOPLE IN THE WORLD, 2017 2010 **PROJECTED** 2000 1990 2 1850 Diseases spread by European conquest then slowed global population growth, up until 1870. 1500 8 +20 +40 +60 +80 +100 RISING ABSOLUTE CHANGE YoY (millions)

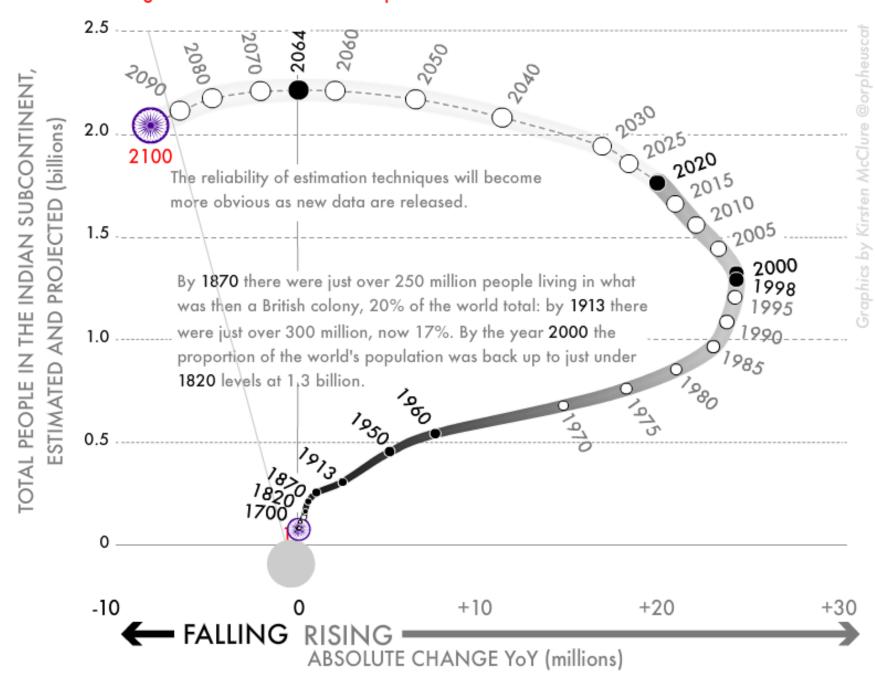
"Slowdown" Fig 22 World Population (log-log scale) Year 1-2100 100 When both axes of the timeline are shown on a log scale The slowdown the various slowdowns that have occurred at different currently under way times become far more apparent. Estimates of global is the first that is not ESTIMATED human population from before 1820 are especially due to famine, unreliable. plague, war, or conquest. AND PROJECTED (billions) 2100 2020 TOTAL PEOPLE IN THE WORLD, 2000 1980 1919 influenza 1960 pandemic. 1850 Spread of European empires in the 1820-50s. 1000 1000 Famine, plague, and the diseases brought to the New World from the old after 1492 +0.01 +100 +0.1+10 +1RISING ABSOLUTE CHANGE YoY (millions)

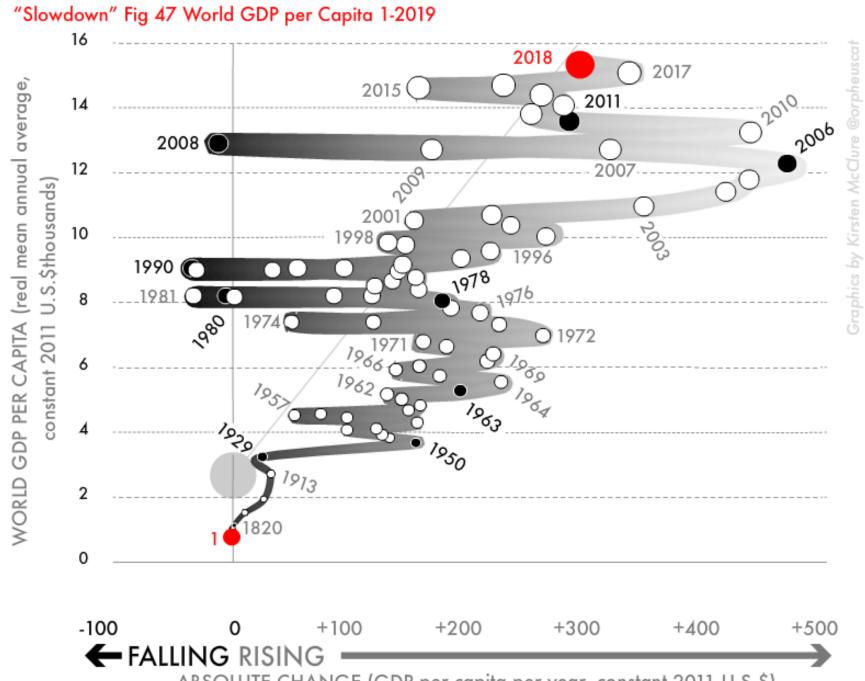
"Slowdown" Fig 24 China Population year 1-2100



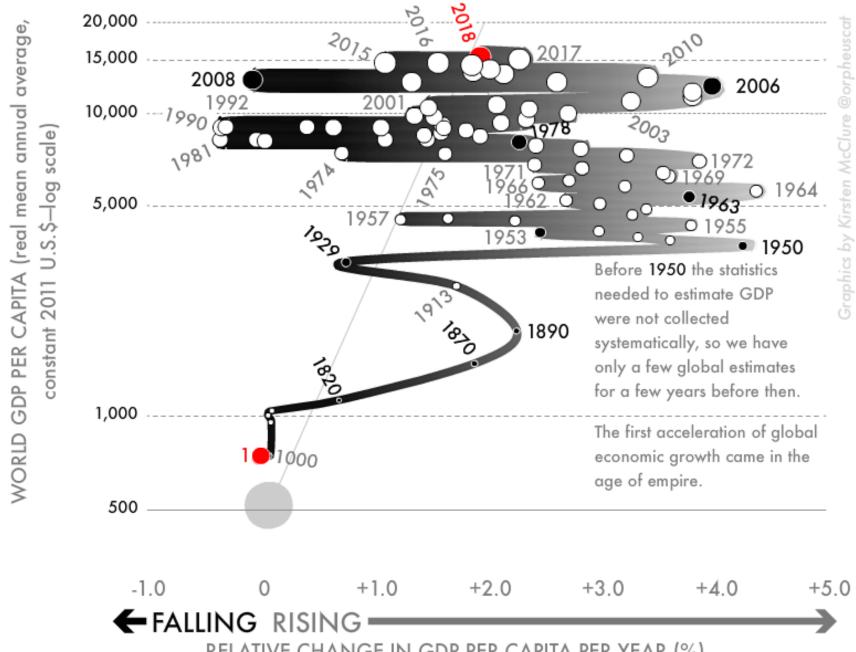


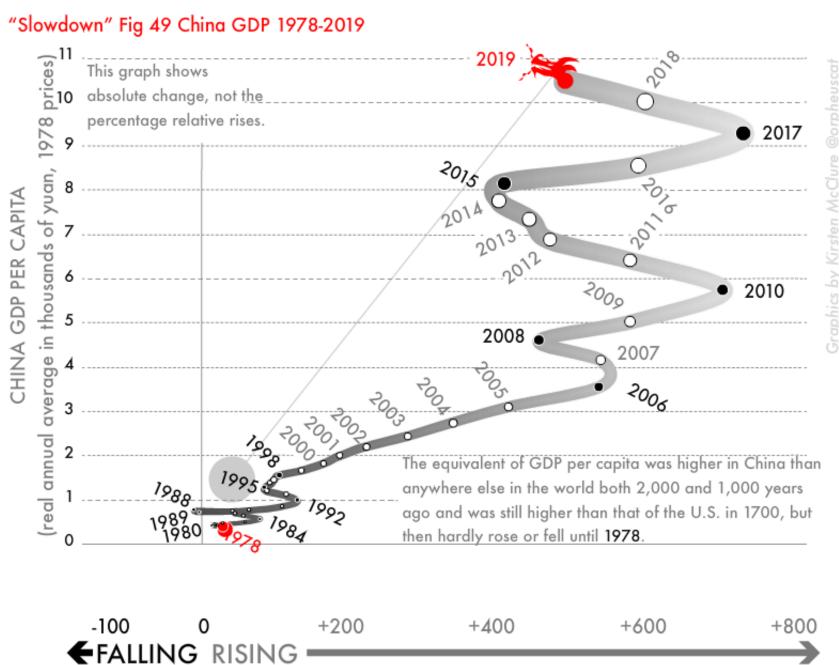
"Slowdown" Fig 27 Indian Subcontinent Population 1-2100

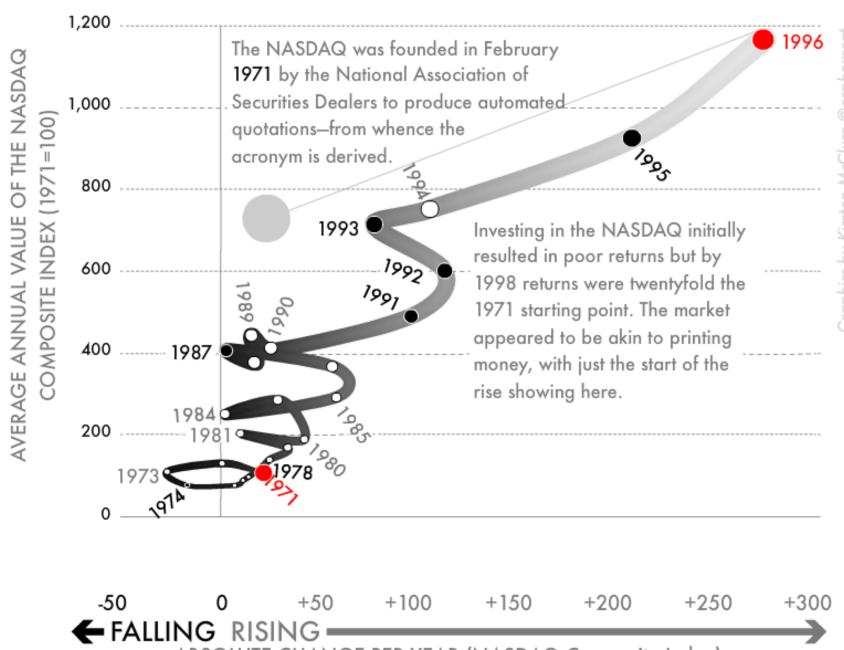




"Slowdown" Fig 60 World GDP per Capita (vertical log scale) year 1-2018



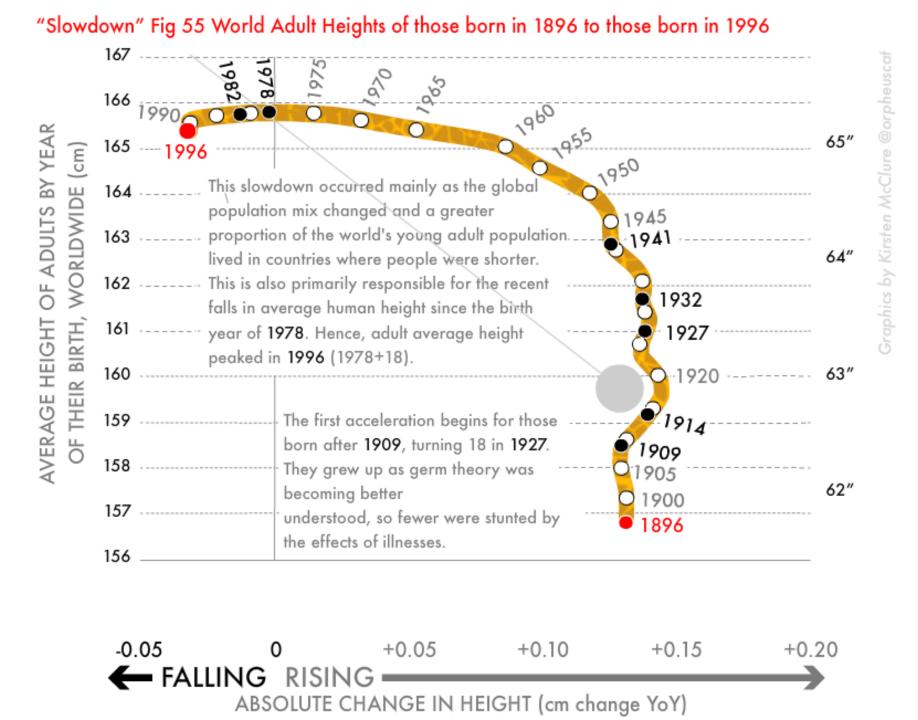




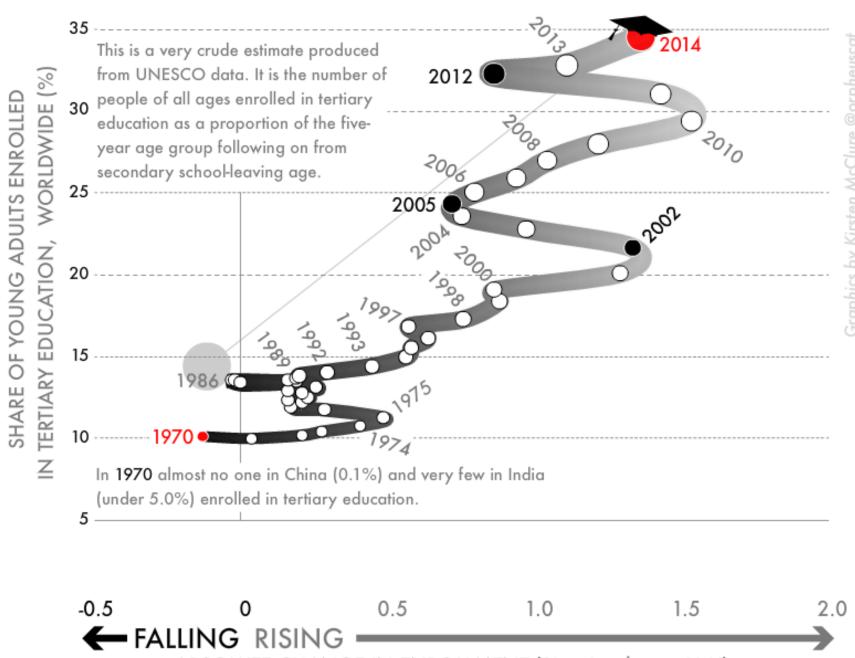
ABSOLUTE CHANGE PER YEAR (NASDAQ Composite Index)

"Slowdown" Fig 54 NASDAQ Stock Price 1971-2019 2019 OF THE NASDAQ COMPOSTE INDEX (1971=100) By February 2000 the index was forty-2017 6,000 five times the 1971 starting point, and for two days, in March it was "worth" 2015 5,000 fifty times its initial value! Then came the 2014 **AVERAGE ANNUAL VALUE** first crash. 4,000 2013 2007 3,000 92010 2005 2008 2,000 1,000

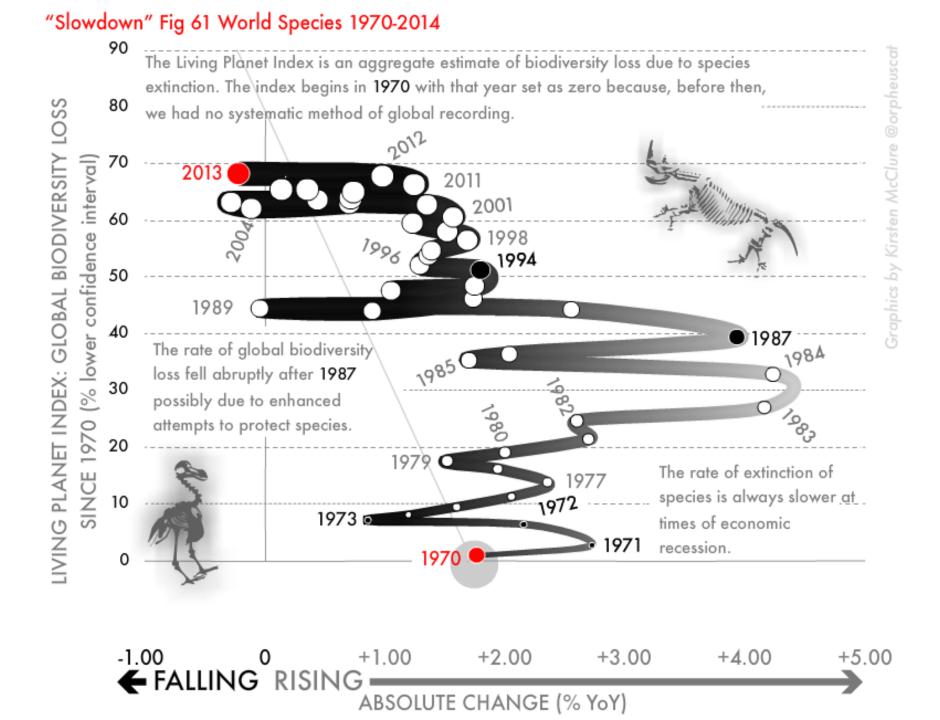




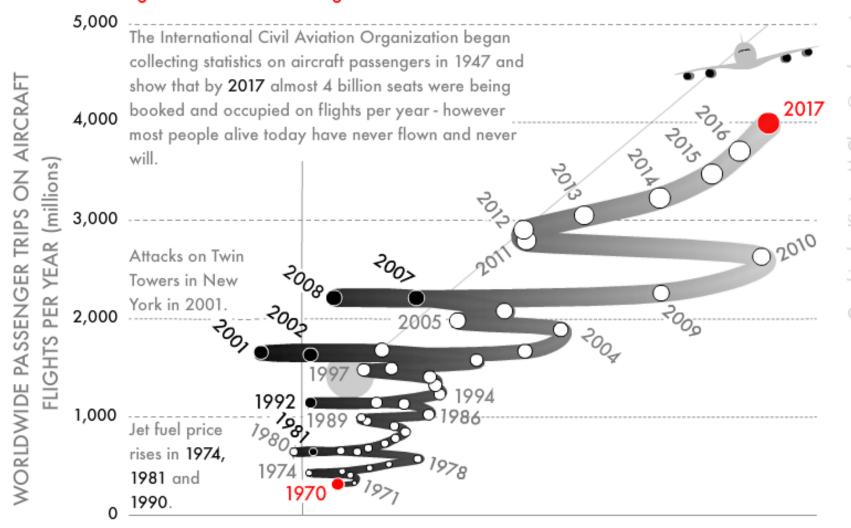
"Slowdown" Fig 56 World Graduates Share 1970-2014



ABSOLUTE CHANGE IN ENROLLMENT (% point change YoY)

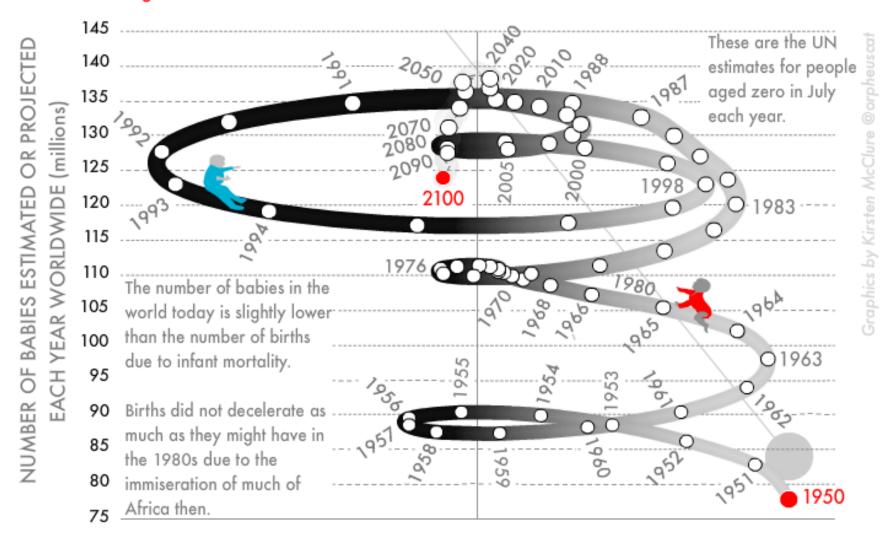


"Slowdown" Fig 62 World Air Passengers 1970-2017

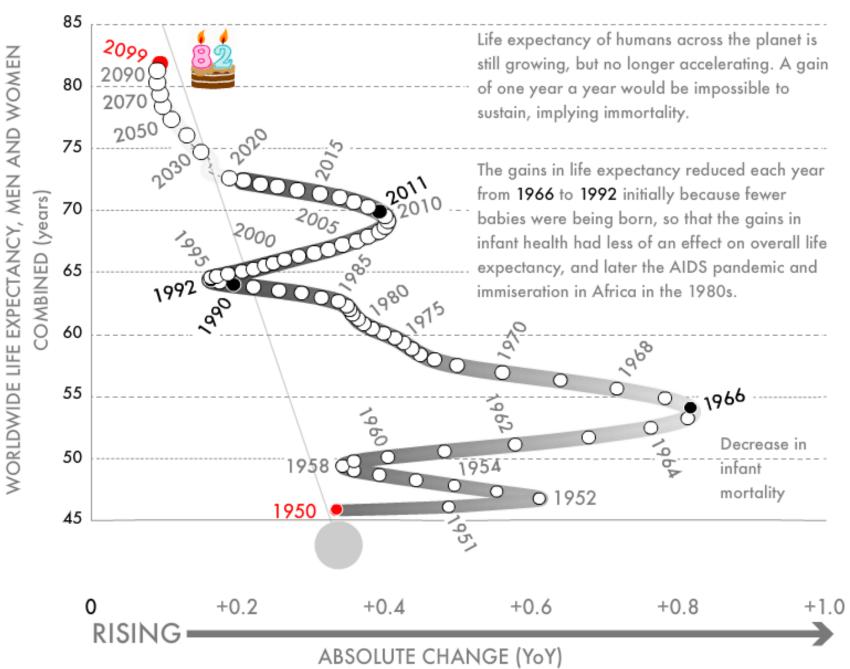




"Slowdown" Fig 63 World Babies 1950-2100

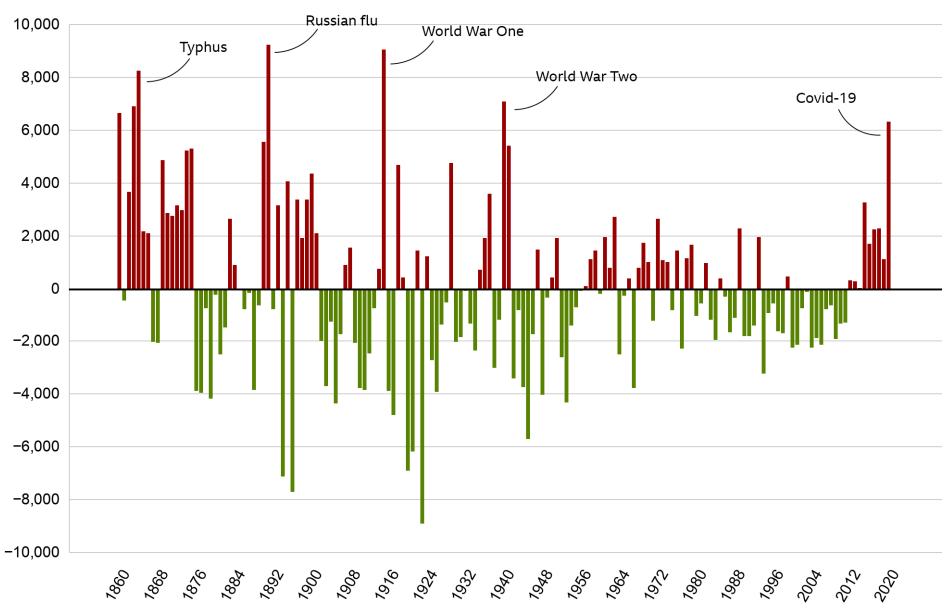




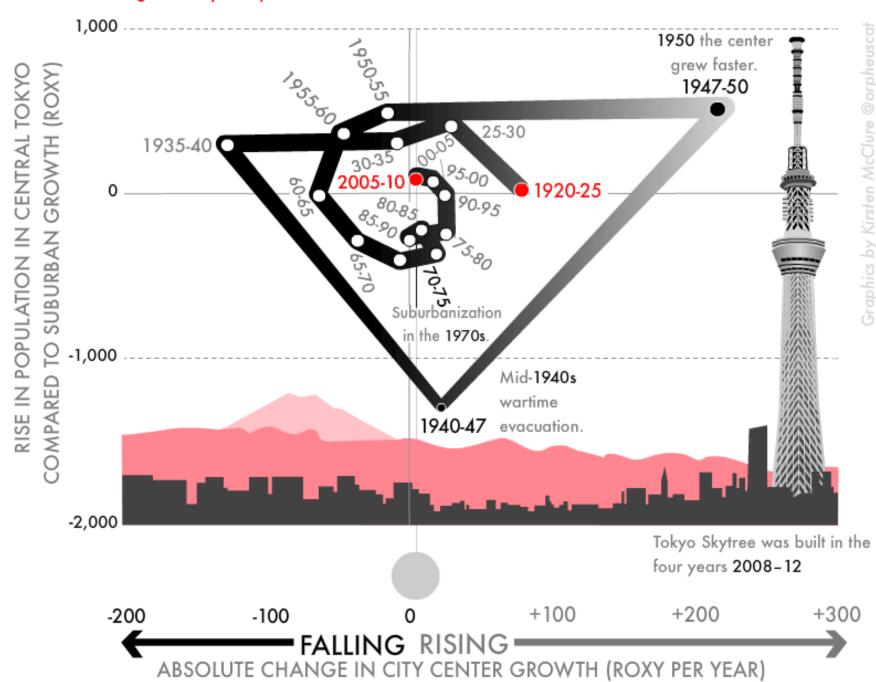


Excess deaths since 1860

Compared with five-year average

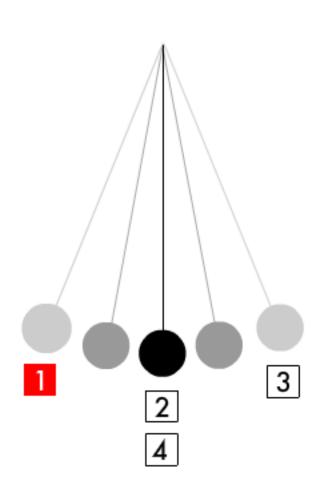


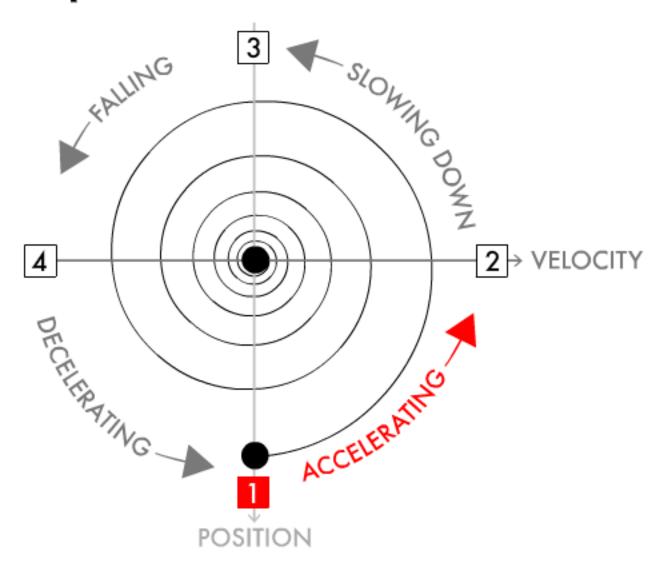
"Slowdown" Fig 65 Tokyo Population and Suburban Growth 1920-2010



Pendulum

Phase portrait





Conclusion - **Slowdown**: (The End of the Great Acceleration—and Why It's Good for the Planet, the Economy, and Our Lives)

Great economic inequalities will be hard to sustain during and following slowdown. As things change less, it will become much more difficult to make money out of a shrinking and aging population who may also become savvier and harder to fool with the allure of the "new".

Slowdown means goods lasting longer; it means less waste. It means that many of the things that we currently think of as great social and environmental problems will not be problematic in future. We will, of course, have new problems—most of which we cannot even imagine right now.

