MANUAL OF ACADEMIC REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURES 2019-20

COURSE DESIGN, DEVELOPMENT & APPROVAL

(APPLICABLE FROM OCTOBER 2019)

NOTE - AMENDMENTS DETAILED OVERLEAF

Academic Standards and Quality
MARP 2019-20
COVID-19 – Regulatory Changes

Detailed in the table below are temporary changes which have been agreed and implemented within the 2019-20 academic year to mitigate against disruptions from the COVID-19 pandemic. Unless otherwise stated, changes are made with immediate effect.

Throughout the chapter, content has been highlighted in yellow to indicate affected clauses which must be read in conjunction with the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Summary of change</th>
<th>Clauses affected</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Date implemented</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Course Approval Process</td>
<td>In order to allow for the approval of timely revisions made in response to the coronavirus pandemic, it is necessary to temporarily identify alternative routes through the approval process. Approvals can be made at departmental level by the Head of Department or their nominee, and at faculty level by Associate Deans. Procedures for student consultation on major revisions have been suspended.</td>
<td>CD 2.2.1&lt;br&gt;CD 2.2.5&lt;br&gt;CD 2.3.8&lt;br&gt;CD 2.3.13</td>
<td>Departmental approval of changes can be made by the Head of Department or nominee.&lt;br&gt;Faculty approval of changes can be made by Faculty Associate Deans on behalf of the respective Faculty Teaching Committee.&lt;br&gt;Partial clause suspension.&lt;br&gt;Noted that clause is impacted by amendments to above clauses.</td>
<td>April 2020 [Committee Approval: SCAR – 06/04/20 Senate – 06/04/20]</td>
</tr>
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CD 1 COURSE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

CD 1.1 OVERVIEW

CD 1.1.1 The University has increasingly taken a strategic approach to programme design, development and approval in order to ensure that its portfolio of provision reflects institutional strategic priorities and goals. The Academic Planning and Resource Allocation process requires departments to consider their programme provision in terms of the Strategic Plan and Faculty academic strategies. The Library and Professional Services are then required to ensure that their forward planning and priorities can properly support agreed academic priorities.

CD 1.1.2 Course design and development is primarily undertaken by staff within academic departments (with external input) because it is recognised that this is where expert knowledge about academic provision in specific subject areas resides.

CD 1.1.3 However, staff in academic departments are encouraged to discuss any issues of principle or concern, or any particularly innovative or complex proposals, with Faculty Associate Deans, Faculty TQSOs and/or members of the Academic Standards and Quality (ASQ) team as early as possible in the design and development process.

CD 1.1.4 If necessary, for example where a proposed degree programme is outwith the award/programme criteria approved by Senate (see The Portfolio of Degree Awards, PA 3), approval in principle for a programme can be sought from the appropriate committee(s) early in the process, before the proposal is fully worked up for consideration by departmental or Faculty Teaching Committees. This will avoid staff spending time developing proposals that might not be granted approval. ASQ will consult the University Dean for Academic Quality and/or the Pro-Vice-Chancellor (Education) as appropriate. Proposals may be modified or developed further following such discussions. Advice about seeking approval in principle is available from ASQ.

CD 1.2 DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

CD 1.2.1 Where a new degree award (or other academic qualification) is proposed, Senate approval for this must be obtained. ASQ can advise departments on whether Senate approval is needed and also on the process, sequence and timing.

CD 1.2.2 Departments are required to engage with external advisors (such as External Examiners, PSRBs and employers) in the design and development of new and revised programmes and, where appropriate (if significant change is involved), individual modules. Where a proposed new or revised programme is intended for accreditation by a PSRB, early engagement must be made with the relevant body to meet its requirements.

CD 1.2.3 Inputs are also required from a range of other individuals not directly involved with delivering the proposed programme in order to secure academic standards and the quality of learning opportunities. These include:
(a) academic staff from other departments in the Faculty, including via the Faculty Teaching Committee;
(b) student representatives;
(c) the Library and Information Systems Services;
(d) staff in Communications and Marketing, Recruitment, Admissions and International Development, ASQ, the Student Registry, the Finance Office, Facilities.

CD 1.2.4 Departments are expected to consider proposals for new or revised programmes and modules against the criteria approved by Senate (see The Portfolio of Degree Awards, PA 3). They should also consider the following specific areas at the design and development stage taking account of a potentially diverse student body:

(a) the timeline for the planned introduction of a new programme and or major revisions to programmes and modules. Taking into account the CMA requirements as outline in the University’s Guidance.
(b) the viability of the proposed new/revised programme or module;
(c) the programme aims, intended learning outcomes and their assessment;
(d) appropriate departmental, faculty, institutional and external reference points;
(e) requirements around level and naming of awards, credit allocation, use of reference points;
(f) whether the proposed structure, content and learning and teaching methods can deliver the educational aims and learning outcomes and are appropriate for the stage and level of the programme;
(g) whether the assessment scheme and individual tasks are capable of measuring student achievement against the learning outcomes;
(h) for a programme, whether there are any modules where failure should not be condoned because otherwise programme learning outcomes would not be met;
(i) how the achievement of learning outcomes can best be facilitated, through for example, learning and teaching methods, student workload, the volume and nature of assessment, progression through the different stages of programme;
(j) the coherency of programmes, including assessment and the extent to which any proposed new or revised module(s) is/are complementary to and consistent with other elements of the programme;
(k) the content and structure of individual contributory modules to ensure they are appropriate for the place they occupy in the programme structure (i.e. that they are appropriate for Part I, Part II first term of Masters etc.) and that students are being assessed according to appropriate criteria;
(l) employability and any PSRB requirements;
(m) whether entry standards set are at an appropriate level to ensure applicants have an appropriate academic background (e.g. subject knowledge, language competence, study skills) and will be able to cope with the demands of the degree programme to which they are being admitted;
(n) whether the learning outcomes and threshold standards set at the end of each stage of a programme define the minimum threshold of achievement to ensure that students will be able to continue onto the next level of study and to identify those students who may be at risk and who may need additional/different support at the next level;
(o) the need to have positively defined intended learning outcomes for exit qualifications, e.g. PGDip/PGCert in relation to taught Masters programmes.
CD 1.3 GUIDELINES ON DEGREE TITLES FOR COMBINED HONOURS PROGRAMMES AND SPECIALIST PATHWAYS

CD 1.3.1 In determining degree titles where more than one subject is being studied, the following convention shall be applied:

(a) ‘A and B’, where there is an approximately equal balance between two subjects;
(b) ‘A, B and C’, where there is an approximately equal balance between three subjects;
(c) ‘A with B’ for a major/minor combination where the minor component accounts for at least a quarter of the programme.

CD 1.3.2 PSRB requirements may lead to variations to degree titles – e.g. a 5/8, 3/8 split for an ‘and’ degree where the accredited subject is more heavily weighted to include compulsory placement elements.

CD 1.3.3 ‘Pathway programmes’ are those in which students take a particular specialism within a given subject (in contrast to ‘and’ and ‘with’ programmes where two different subjects are combined). The specialism should be indicated in brackets following the subject, e.g. LLB (Hons) Law (International Law). Specialist modules should normally constitute at least 60 credits across Part II of the programme (i.e. 60/240 = one-quarter).
**CD 2 COURSE APPROVAL PROCESS (NEW OR REVISED PROGRAMMES AND MODULES)**

Text highlighted in yellow below indicates clauses which have wholly or in part been amended by a temporary regulation put in place to address circumstances arising out of the COVID-19 pandemic. Content within the respective clauses is approved and readers are referred to the front of this chapter of MARP for the details of this.

**CD 2.1 OVERVIEW**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme Approval</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Department</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>INITIAL PROPOSAL- NEW PROGRAMME OR SIGNIFICANT CHANGE TO EXISTING PROGRAMME</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CONSIDERATION BY TEACHING COMMITTEE INVOLVING STAFF AND STUDENT REPRESENTATION</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ANY CROSS-DEPARTMENT DELIVERY CONSIDERED AT EACH DEPARTMENT</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PROGRAMME APPROVAL DOCUMENTATION</strong> (educational aims, learning outcomes, teaching, learning and assessment methods)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CONSIDERATION AT POLICY AND RESOURCES COMMITTEE (PRC)- Financial viability, resource feasibility and compatibility with Faculty strategy</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>APPROVAL AT TEACHING COMMITTEE (TC) – Academic matters such as operation, curriculum, delivery and quality assurance. Includes student representation.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Any cross-faculty delivery considered at each faculty</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>APPROVAL BY DIRECTOR OF QA AND E with delegated authority from Senate, and with referral to ASQ and/or Senate where issues with standards and quality principles are identified or where proposed programme is outwith University guidelines.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CD 2.1.1 Module approval follows a slightly shorter process than for programme approval. The Departmental process is the same, following which the proposal goes straight to Stage 2 of the faculty process and the module is formally approved at faculty level. However, if there are significant resource issues or design complexities, then the Faculty Teaching Committee may consult the Faculty Policy and Resources Committee (PRC), Academic Standards and Quality (ASQ) and/or the University Dean for Academic Quality before taking a decision on approval.**

**CD 2.1.2 All proposals for new awards, new programmes and modules, and revisions to existing programmes or modules must be considered and formally approved through procedures, agreed by the Senate, that involve appropriately constituted committees or designated officers at departmental, faculty and institutional levels. At all stages of the approval process, committees should consider whether the key areas set out in CD 1.2.4 have been addressed in the design and development process.**

**CD 2.1.3 If a proposal for a new or revised programme of study will lead to a proposed new academic qualification (i.e. degree, diploma, certificate or other credit-bearing award)
not already approved by Senate (see The Portfolio of Degree Awards, PA 3), then Senate approval must be obtained for the new qualification as part of the programme approval process.

CD 2.1.4 All proposed new and amended programmes (and contributory modules) leading to degrees, diplomas, certificates and other awards of the University have to be approved at departmental and faculty level. However, the following must, in addition, be finally approved at institutional level (by the University body or officer with delegated authority from Senate):

- proposals for new programmes;
- the laying down of existing programmes;
- Major changes (as defined in the University’s Guidance on revisions to programmes and modules) to existing programmes.

Proposals for Minor changes to existing programmes, and for new or revised modules, can be finally approved at Faculty Teaching Committee level (on the recommendation of relevant departmental teaching committees) save that where any proposed change to a module takes it outside the University’s standard assessment regulations, this requires institutional-level approval from the University body of officer with delegated authority from Senate in addition.

CD 2.1.5 In order to ensure that proposals can be considered, discussed and approved in a timely and orderly manner an annual timetable of meetings (including deadlines for receipt of agenda papers) for faculty and institutional level committees involved in the course validation process will be agreed, published and observed.

CD 2.1.6 All proposals must be submitted in the approved format using the appropriate template available from ASQ or from the relevant Faculty Teaching Quality Support Officer.

CD 2.2 APPROVAL PROCESS

Departmental approval process

CD 2.2.1 Departments are expected to have committee(s) (either teaching committees that include student representatives or separate staff-student committees) at which proposals for new and substantially revised programmes/modules are formally discussed. It is expected that students will be encouraged to engage fully in this process and that their views are taken into account. The outcome of departmental meetings will be formally recorded and communicated to the Faculty Teaching Committee when the proposal documentation goes forward for approval.

With effect from April 2020: Departmental approval of changes can be made by the Head of Department or nominee.

CD 2.2.2 Where a new programme involves collaboration between more than one department, the proposal must be considered by all relevant departmental committees.
Faculty approval

CD 2.2.3 The membership of Faculty Teaching Committees shall be in accordance with the relevant Faculty constitution but should include student representative(s).

CD 2.2.4 At the initial approval stage for new programmes (i.e. Stage 1) Faculty Policy and Resources Committees or officers designated by the Faculty Dean must assess the viability of the proposed programme before the proposal moves on to the academic approval stage (i.e. Stage 2) of the process.

CD 2.2.5 Once proposals have been approved by the originating department(s), they should be considered by the relevant Faculty Teaching Committee which will take account of comparable provision in other departments within the faculty, and of faculty strategic priorities and academic development plans as well as ensuring that the proposed programme and/or modules meet University requirements and criteria.

With effect from April 2020: Once proposals have been approved by the Department, relevant Associate Deans may approve the changes on behalf of the Faculty Teaching Committee.

CD 2.2.6 Where a new programme involves collaboration between departments from more than one faculty, the proposal must be considered by all relevant faculty teaching committees.

CD 2.2.7 Faculties and departments have the authority to review and make minor revisions to individual modules within programmes, using agreed criteria and institutional procedures.

CD 2.2.8 With the exception of the Regional Teaching Partners (RTPs) institutional approval of a new programme is for an indefinite period, but is reviewed through ATR and PQR. For the RTPs, programmes are validated for a specific number of years (usually 5-6 years), before they must be formally revalidated.

Institutional approval

CD 2.2.9 Detailed consideration at institutional level of programme and module proposals already approved at departmental and faculty level is only necessary where there are issues of principle, major concerns about academic standards and quality, or if commendable innovative practice is identified for possible dissemination across the University.

CD 2.2.10 A report shall be made to Senate of all/new awards, programmes and modules that have been approved.

Approval of non-standard programmes

CD 2.2.11 Proposals for non-standard programmes that are tailored for individual students must be considered and approved in accordance with agreed procedures. Advice about the procedures is available from the relevant Faculty Teaching Quality Support Officer and/or ASQ.
CD 2.3 INFORMATION SPECIFIC TO THE APPROVAL PROCESS FOR REVISIONS TO EXISTING PROGRAMMES AND MODULES

Definitions

CD 2.3.1 A revision is defined as a change or changes made to a particular programme or programmes or to a particular module or modules. For procedural purposes, revisions to programmes and modules are categorised as ‘minor’ or ‘major’. Revisions may be made for a variety of reasons, including:

(a) in response to student or external examiner feedback;
(b) in response to developments in the subject area;
(c) in response to a non-negotiable requirement of a PSRB;
(d) in response to practical issues, such as staff changes or changes to student numbers.

CD 2.3.2 A major revision involves material changes that affect a programme. A major revision may be either a direct change to a programme and/or significant changes to a module or modules which significantly alter a programme and its delivery, for example, substantive revisions to educational aims, intended learning outcomes, teaching, learning and assessment strategies, academic level, changes to programme structure. The University’s Guidance on revisions to programmes and modules contains examples of major revisions.

CD 2.3.3 A minor revision to a programme or module involves a change to the subject matter, method of delivery, or learning, teaching and assessment strategy that: (i) does not affect the programme learning outcomes; (ii) has no significant resources implications; and (iii) is limited to change involving no more than 25% of the programme credits. Some apparently minor revisions may raise broader questions which require further information, fuller discussion or consideration as a major revision. A series of incremental minor revisions should also be considered as a major revision so that consideration is given as to whether or not the volume and nature of these changes significantly alters the programme and its delivery. The University’s Guidance on revisions to programmes and modules contains examples of minor revisions.

Process

CD 2.3.4 There are three different groups potentially affected by planned revisions to programmes and modules.

(a) All year groups of students who have already begun the course and are currently registered – current cohorts.
(b) Prospective students within the current admissions cycle between the time the offer of a place is made and registration is completed – current applicants.
(c) Prospective students who may be interested in applying to Lancaster and who may look at public information, in particular publicity material – potential applicants.

CD 2.3.5 In making revisions, the University has a responsibility to take into consideration the impact on the first two of the three groups as defined above, and a responsibility to ensure the accuracy of information provided to the third group. The level of consultation and action required is different for each group.
Current cohorts

CD 2.3.6 The University has a responsibility to ensure current cohorts of students are not adversely affected by changes to its programmes and modules. Revisions affecting current cohorts of students require careful consideration and consultation because: (i) it could be seen to compromise the student experience and serve as grounds for a student to complain, appeal or take legal action against the University; and, (ii) by nature of the definition of current cohorts, these revisions could impact more than one individual cohort (year group) of students. For example, a change to a core level 6 module will affect current level 4 and level 5 cohorts; a change to a level 5 optional module made after module enrolment will affect students within the current level 4 cohort who have selected this module.

CD 2.3.7 It may be necessary to amend assessment regulations, modules or programmes over the course of a student’s registration in order to meet the requirements of a PSRB for professional accreditation or registration. Such changes will be notified in advance to current cohorts of students.

CD 2.3.8 Major revisions should not normally apply to current cohorts of students. In exceptional circumstances, they may be made where the revisions are considered to be beneficial to students or are due to circumstances outside the University’s control that it could not plan for. With effect from April 2020, the following procedures are temporarily suspended for any major revisions required for the purposes of mitigating the impact of the 2020 Covid-19 pandemic: They should be dealt with as outlined below. Major revisions require consultation with all current cohorts (year groups) potentially affected by the revision, and should be agreed by a departmental meeting or other suitable discussion forum involving student representatives. If 10% or more of all the students submit in writing, within agreed timescales, reasonable objections then the revision can only apply to the next intake of students. The date of planned implementation and therefore the current cohorts (year groups) affected should be made clear in the proposal documentation.

CD 2.3.9 Minor revisions affecting current cohorts of students may only be made where they are: (i) non-material; or (ii) beneficial to students; or (iii) necessary due to circumstances outside the University’s control that it could not plan for. They should be dealt with as outlined below. Minor revisions should be considered and agreed by a departmental meeting or other suitable discussion forum involving student representatives. Regardless of their nature all such changes should be reported to faculty committees. The date of planned implementation and therefore the current cohorts (year groups) affected should be made clear in the proposal documentation.

Current applicants

CD 2.3.10 When making major revisions once the admissions cycle has begun, applicants must also be carefully considered. Individuals apply to the University on the basis of the information available to them at the time of application e.g. in prospectus and website entries, on the UCAS website, and during visits to the University. Current applicants must be informed, at the earliest opportunity, of certain specified major revisions to a programme and/or its modules made after the point of application (including changes made in order to meet the requirements of a PSRB for professional accreditation or
registration which are the equivalent of a major revision). For information on the types of revisions which applicants must be informed of, see the separate guidance on definitions and processes for programme and module revisions. Where applicable, applicants should be advised of the options available in the circumstances (including the chance for individuals to change their minds about a place on the programme). Once the admissions cycle is underway admissions should be consulted about planned revisions to programmes as part of the approval process (e.g. re-naming a programme mid-recruitment cycle is problematic).

Potential applicants

CD 2.3.11 When preparing any public information, the University’s responsibility towards potential applicants should be borne in mind, in particular for publicity material such as the prospectus and website entries. Attention should be paid to the accuracy of this information, particularly where related to: (i) module choice (for example, it is advised to focus on the range and likely areas of option modules, rather than on specific offerings, especially those dependent on a single member of staff); and (ii) methods of assessment (e.g. the balance between open and closed assessments). Appropriate disclaimers can be used in publicity material however, the use of disclaimers does not, in itself, provide protection against complaints, appeals or legal action.

CD 2.3.12 Following any revisions to programmes or modules and in particular following major revisions, public information, including all publicity material, should be reviewed by departments, in liaison where necessary with Marketing and Communications.

Approval procedures for major and minor revisions

CD 2.3.13 All major revisions to programmes must be considered and approved by departmental and faculty committees. In addition, some major revisions must be approved at institutional level by the officer or body with delegated authority from the Senate. The University’s Guidance on revisions to programmes and modules indicates those revisions which must be approved at institutional level.

With effect from April 2020: This regulation is impacted by the temporary procedures outlined in CD 2.2.1, CD 2.2.5, and CD 2.3.8.

CD 2.3.14 All minor revisions to programmes and modules must be approved by departmental committees. Some minor revisions should be reported to faculty committees. The University’s Guidance on revisions to programmes and modules indicates those revisions which must be reported to faculty committees.

CD 2.3.15 The process for the annual monitoring of teaching (Annual Teaching Review) provides an opportunity for departments to systematically review the overall coherence of past and planned revisions to modules and programmes.

CD 2.4 OUTCOME OF THE APPROVAL PROCESS

CD 2.4.1 After each stage of the approval process it is expected that committee decisions will be recorded in the relevant committee minutes and communicated to staff and students. It will be the responsibility of the appropriate committee secretary for ensuring that this
happens. Committee minutes should, wherever possible, be posted on appropriate web pages.

CD 2.4.2 Once the approval process for new or revised programmes or modules has been completed, details must be recorded in the LUSI course database and become part of the University’s definitive programme record. This record is then used for a variety of academic and student administration purposes. The Faculty TQSOs have formal responsibility for keeping the programme record up to date in LUSI as new and revised programmes and modules are approved. ASQ is responsible for monitoring the accuracy of the record in LUSI. The programme information in LUSI can then be accessed via a variety of reports and views, one of which is the up-to-date Programme Specification which must incorporate all approved revisions.

CD 2.4.3 The LUSI course database is the University’s definitive programme record and includes key information about every approved qualification, programme and module (and details of any subsequent changes). It must be kept up to date given that all students registered with Lancaster are assigned to a programme of study in LUSI, and all programmes recorded in LUSI are assigned to a “home” academic department, and this record underpins programme delivery and many associated administrative processes.

CD 2.5 PROGRAMME CLOSURE

CD 2.5.1 From time to time, departments may propose the closure of programmes for a variety of different reasons. Programme closure requires formal faculty and institutional approval (from the body or officer with delegated authority from Senate to approve the laying down of programmes). Where programme closure is agreed, appropriate arrangements must be put in place to protect the needs of any students who remain registered on the programme as it is taught out, to ensure that they can complete their programme with minimum possible disruption or adverse impact. Consideration must also be given to any applicants to whom an offer of admission has been made before closure was proposed.

CD 2.5.2 For collaborative programmes at the ITPs and RTPs, the Memoranda of Agreements include sections on closure and arrangements for the teaching out of programmes.