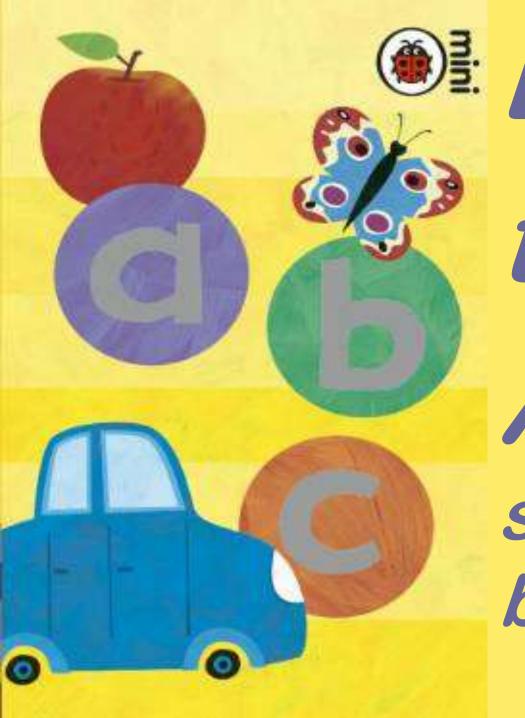
# TRANSITIONS IN PRACTICE climate change and everyday life Elizabeth Shove, ESRC climate change leadership fellowship





## Beyond the ABC of sustainable behaviour



## A is for Attitude



Individuals have attitudes.

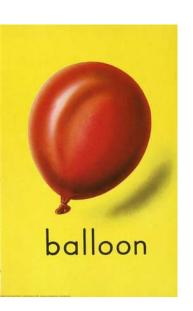
Attitudes towards personal consumption, waste and responsibility need changing

Attitudes are changed by persuasion and information.

Attitudes drive behaviour.



## is for behaviour

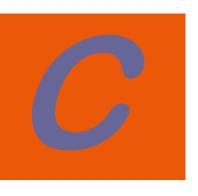


Behaviour is what individuals do.

Behaviours need changing.

Behaviours are driven by attitudes and prices.

People choose how to behave.



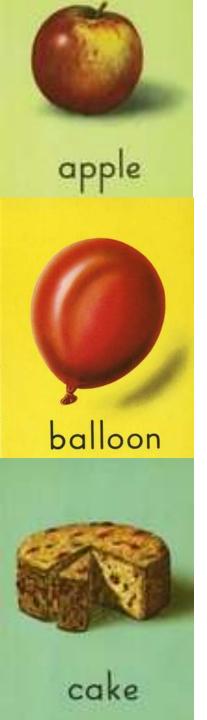
## is for choice



Choices are made by individuals.

If individuals chose not to use so much energy, water and other natural resources we'd not be in the fix we are.

Policy makers need to encourage individuals to make different choices.

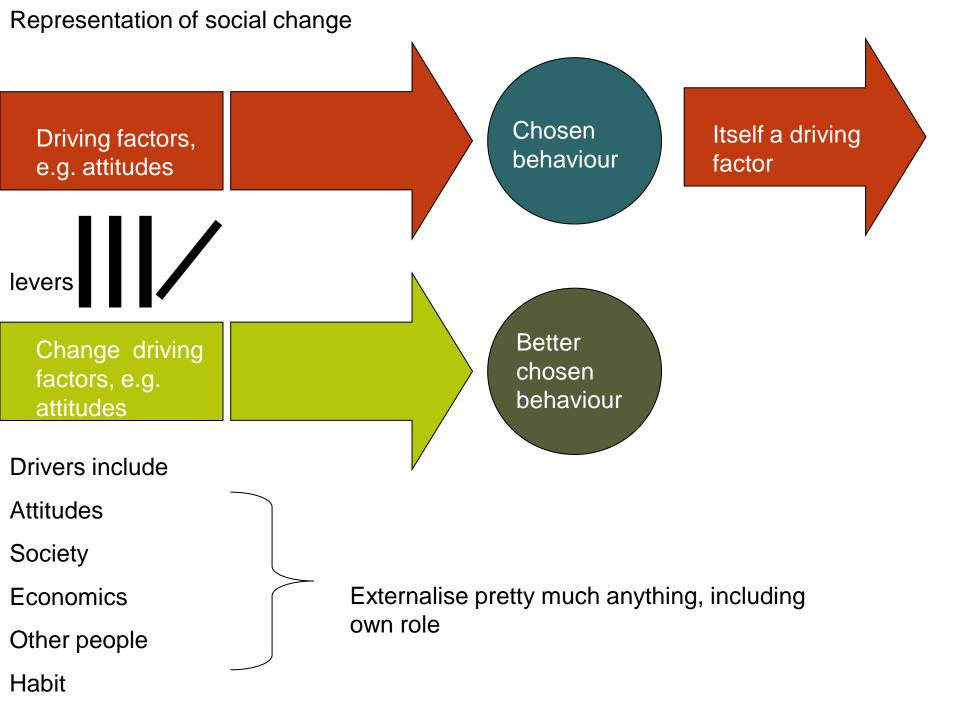


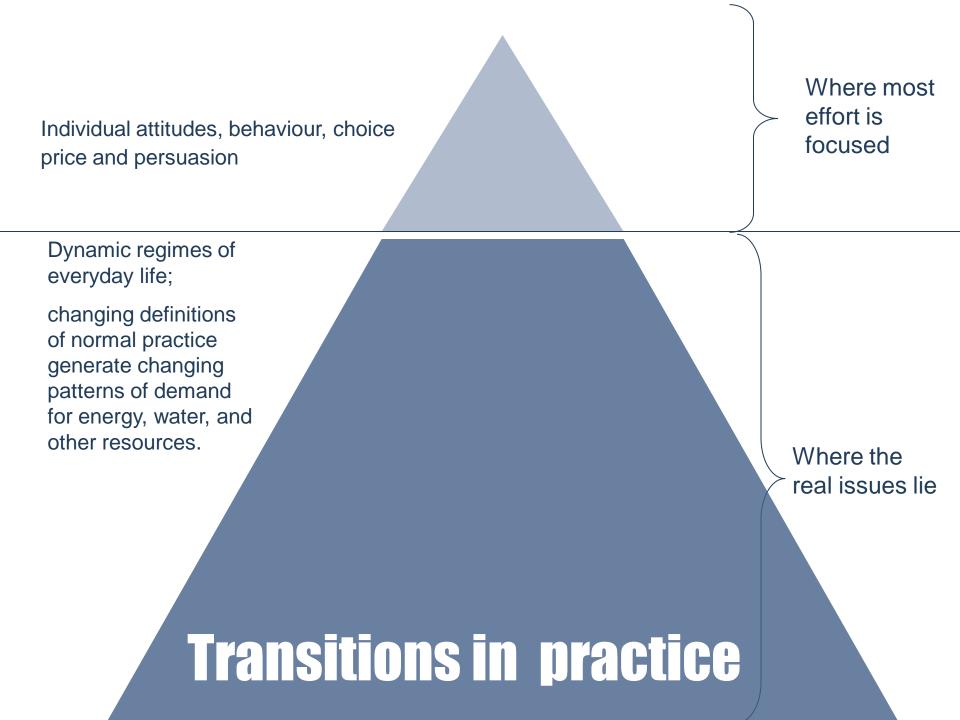
### A FRAMEWORK FOR PRO-ENVIRONMENTAL BEHAVIOURS Defra January 2008

This report sets out a framework for Defra's work on pro-environmental **behaviour**. It pulls together evidence on public understanding, **attitudes** and behaviours; identifies behaviour goals; and draws conclusions on the potential for **change** across a range of behaviour groups.

#### The headline behaviour goals

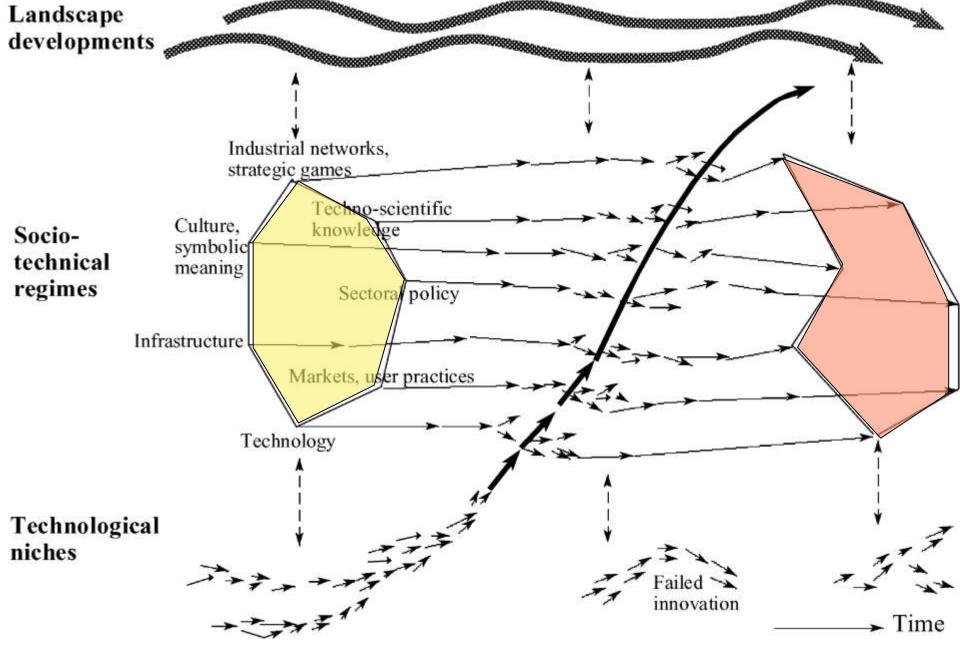
-Install insulation -Better energy management -Install microgeneration-Increase recycling -Waste less (food)-More responsible water usage-Use more efficient vehicles -Use car less for short trips -Avoid unnecessary flights (short haul)-Buy energy efficient products-Eat more food that is locally in season - Adopt lower impact diet







version of "Spaargaren's ears": practices as outcomes; domains of behaviour; lifestyle choices

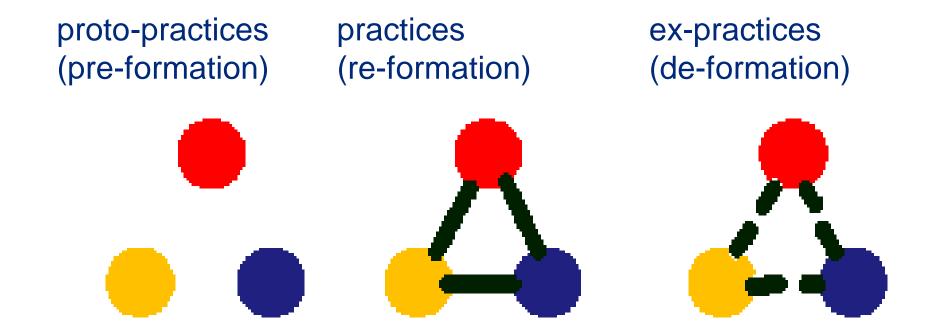


Geels 2002.

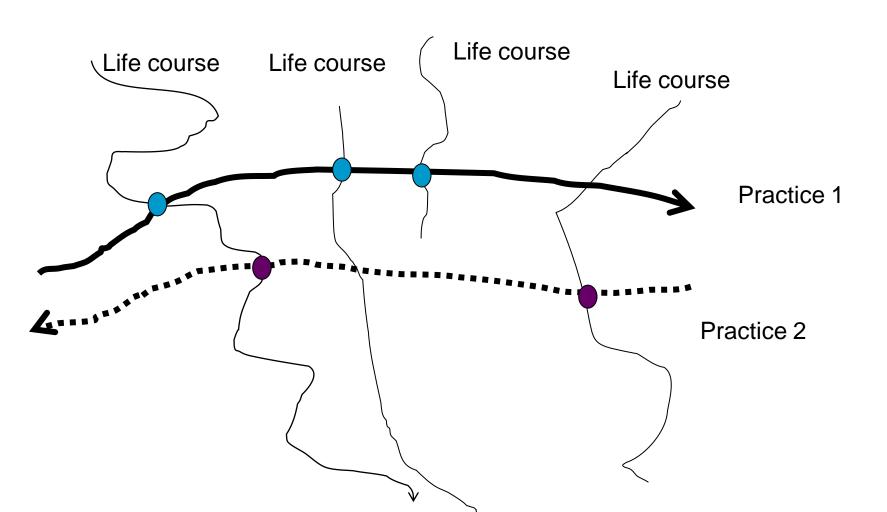
'the existence of a practice depends upon the specific inter-connectedness of many elements – forms of bodily activities, **mental** activities, **things** and their use, background knowledge in the form of understanding, know-how and notions of **competence**, states of emotion and motivational knowledge'

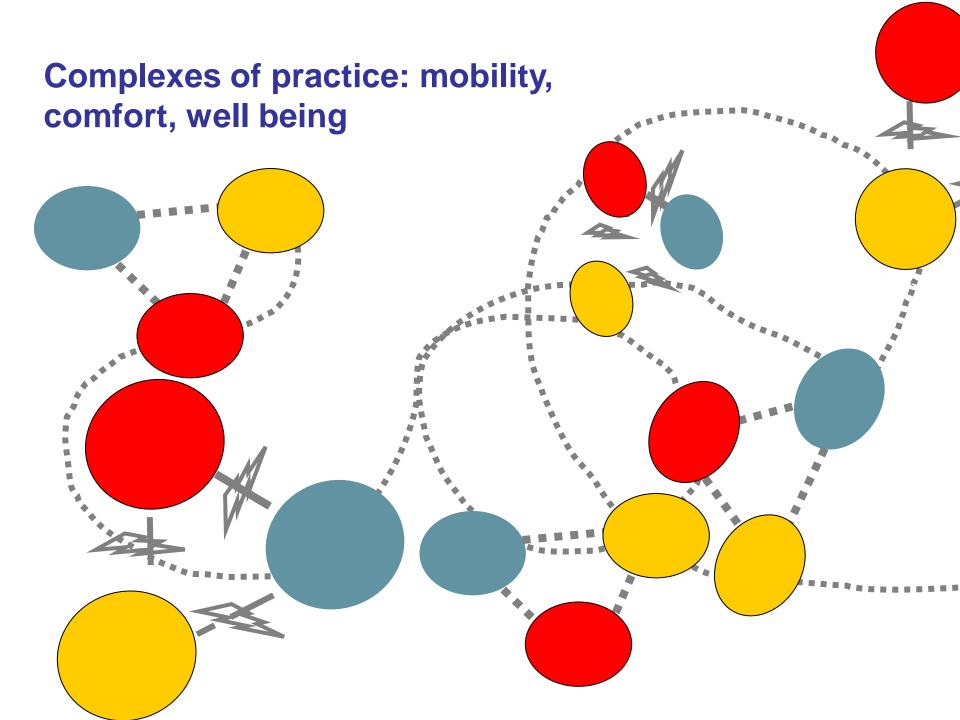
Reckwitz 2002

"Strong" theory of practice: dynamics - elements and carriers

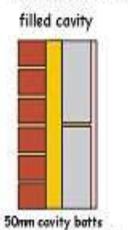


The single individual – as a bodily and mental agent – then acts as the 'carrier' (*Träger*) of a practice – and, in fact, of many different practices which need not be coordinated with one another. Thus, she or he is not only a carrier of patterns of bodily behaviour, but also of certain routinized ways of understanding, knowing how and desiring. (Reckwitz 2002: 250)



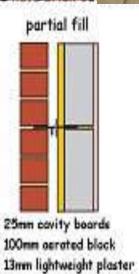


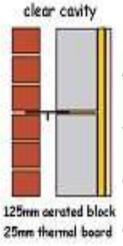


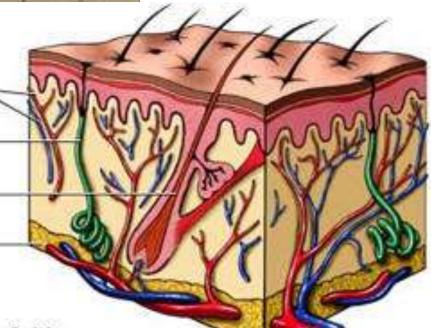


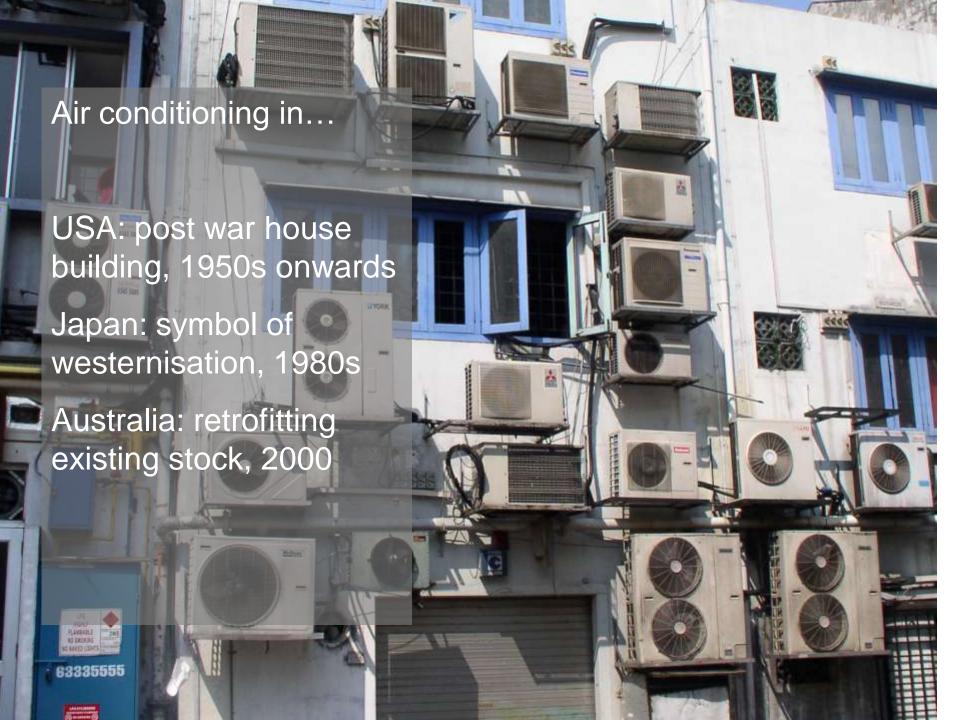
100mm perated block

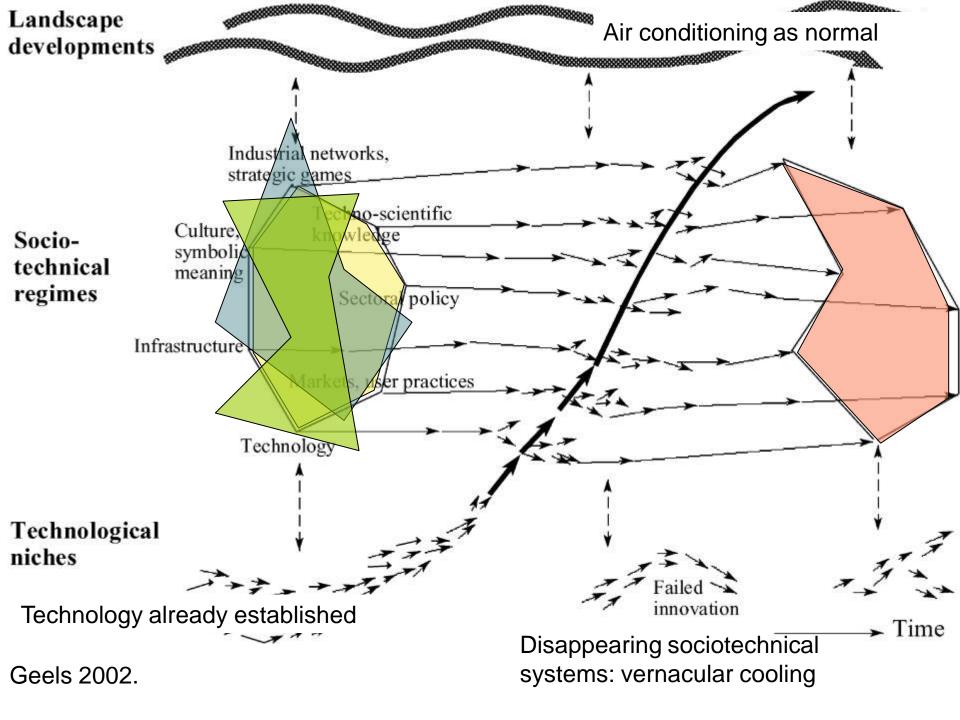
13mm lightweight plaster













Making the material infrastructure

Hardwiring of everyday life

As an outcome of planning and policy; embodied visions of the good life



### Making the ideological infrastructure

Family and childhood: playing outdoors



## Heikki von





Home or Barracks for our Children

Re making childhood and nature

No community

Inconvenience

Unsustainable

Indoor isolation

New virtual networks

# The good life in full view

Parkside living by Meletis Homes

Visit the Discovery Pavilion



Stunning 4 bedroom homes on sale now



The new standard of living.



### Remaking suburbia

24 hour society

Children travelling

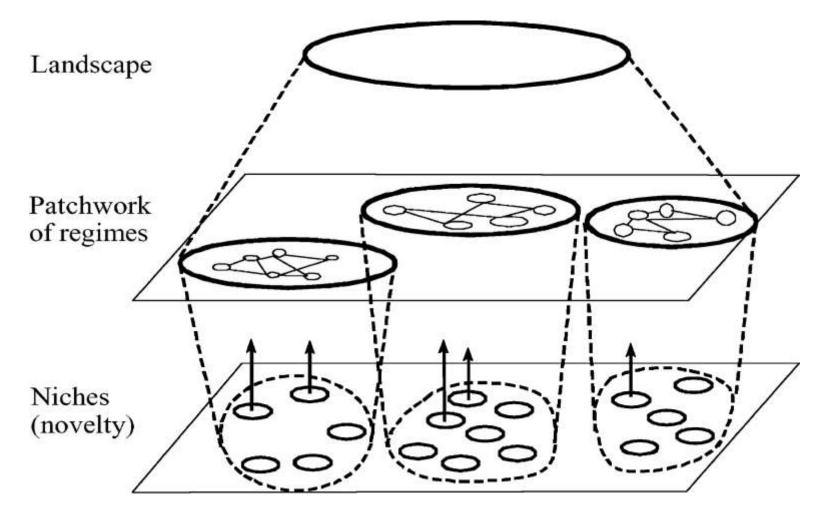
Women working

**Empty dormitory** 

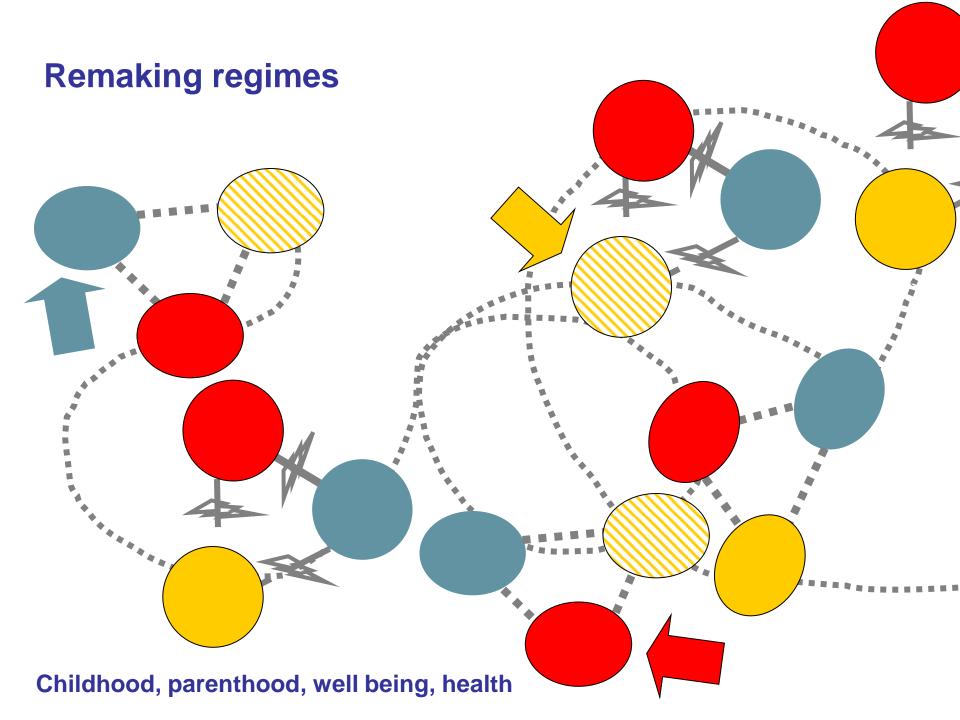
New demands: comfort; space, efficiency; CO2



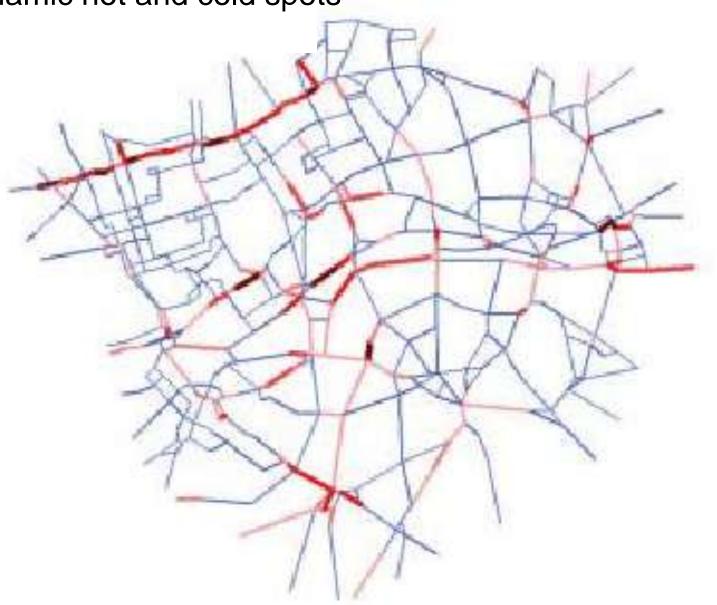




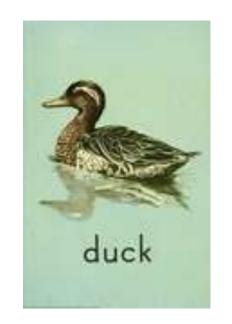
Multiple levels as a nested hierarchy. Geels 2002

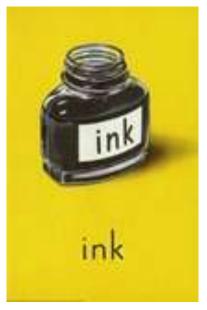


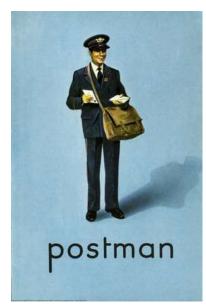
Dynamic hot and cold spots



# Requires an extended vocabulary

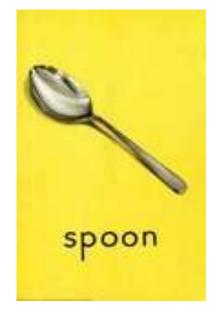


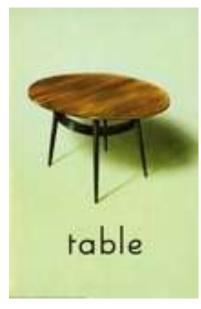




Dynamics
Infrastructures
Practices
Routines
Systems
Transitions







Going beyond the ABC

The role of climate change policy

Responding to

Enabling

Configuring

Consumer choice

Planning and intervening

Circulating elements of practice – infrastructure, image, competence

Unmaking unsustainability (removing elements)